

Progress in building an X-ray facility for energy calibration of HXMT

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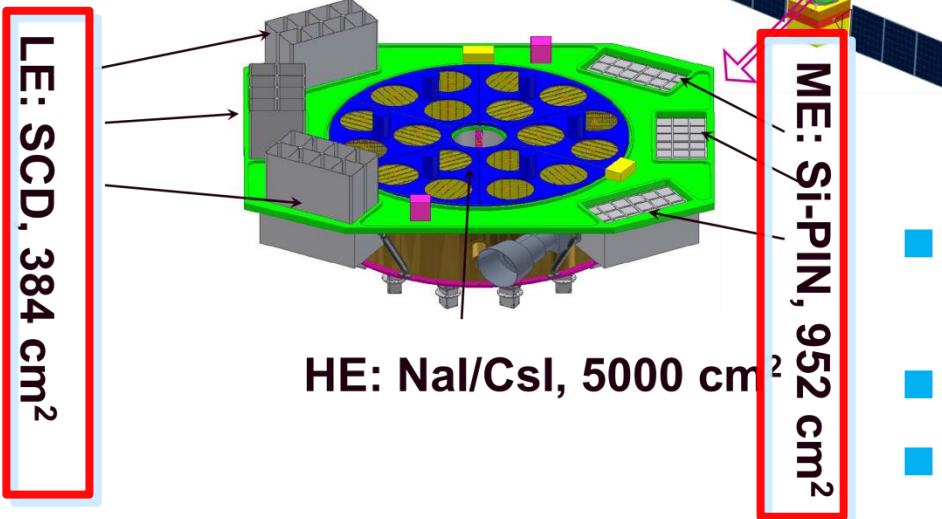
on behalf of Calibration Team of HXMT,
institute of high energy physics
Chinese Academy of Science , Beijing, China
Conference on IACHEC 2013



Outline

- Aim
- Physical design
 - X-ray tube
 - DCM
 - Vacuum chamber
 - Simulation by XOP & shadow
- Time Schedule
 - Current status of the facility

Aim

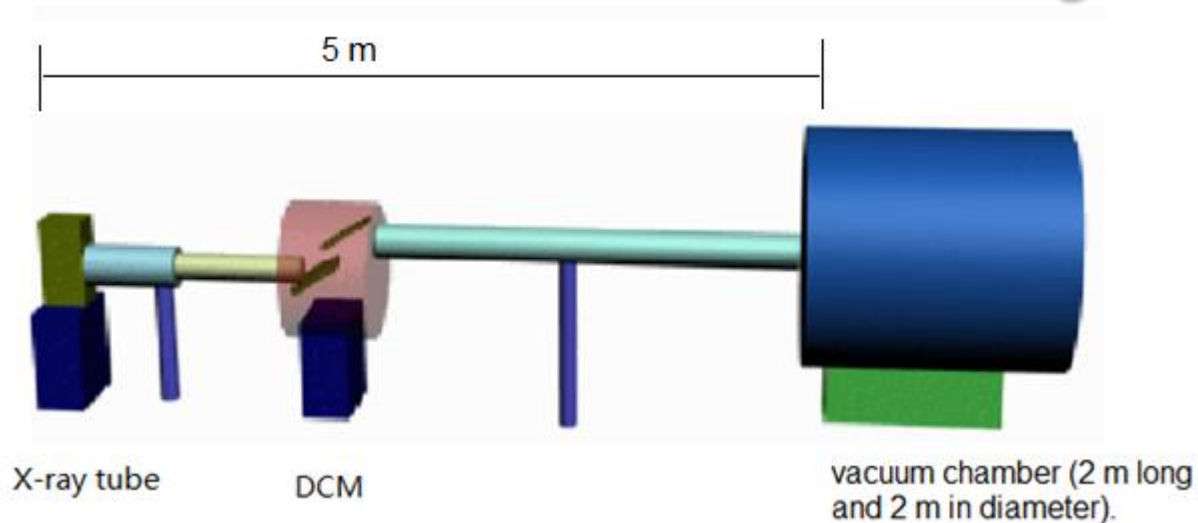


The facility is developed for the Energy Calibration for the detector of HXMT/LE & HXMT/ME

- monochromatic X-ray beam with fixed exit
- Energy range : 1-30 keV ;
- Energy resolution :
 $dE/E < 1\% @ 1-30 \text{ keV}$
- Spot size : $> 1\text{mm} \times 10\text{mm}$ (distance between X-ray tube and test chamber : 5m)
- Flux at the chamber entrance :
 $\sim 100 \text{ cts/s/cm}^2$;

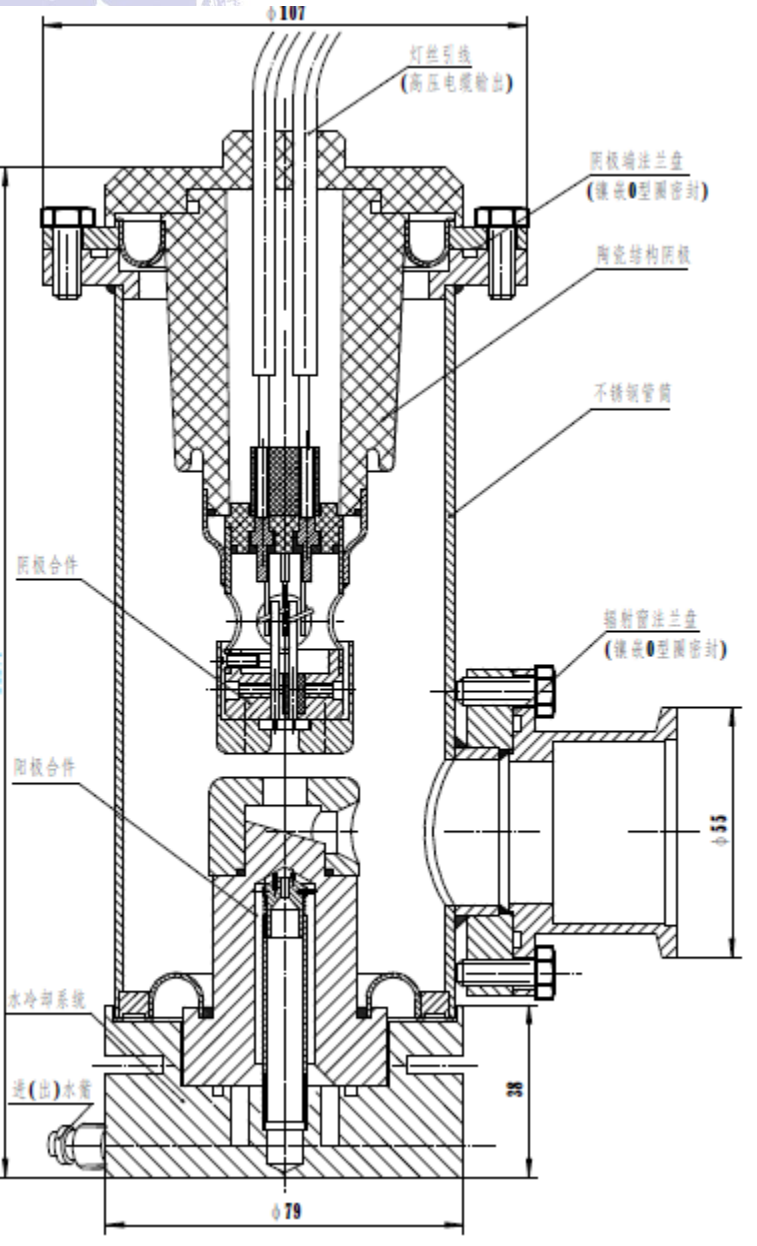
Energy range	LE: 1-15 keV; ME: 5-30 keV
Energy resolution	LE: $< 8\% @ 6 \text{ keV}$ ME: $< 15\% @ 20 \text{ keV}$

Architecture of Facility



- X-ray tube + double crystal monochromator
 - X-ray tube: 3 kW, 5-50 kV
 - Switchable Double crystal monochromator: KAP(100), Si(111)
- the X-ray source and the chamber are connected with a tube of 10 cm in diameter.
- X-ray source, tube and chamber are kept under high vacuum, at a pressure of $\sim 10^{-4}$ Pa, by means of 3 independent pumping system.

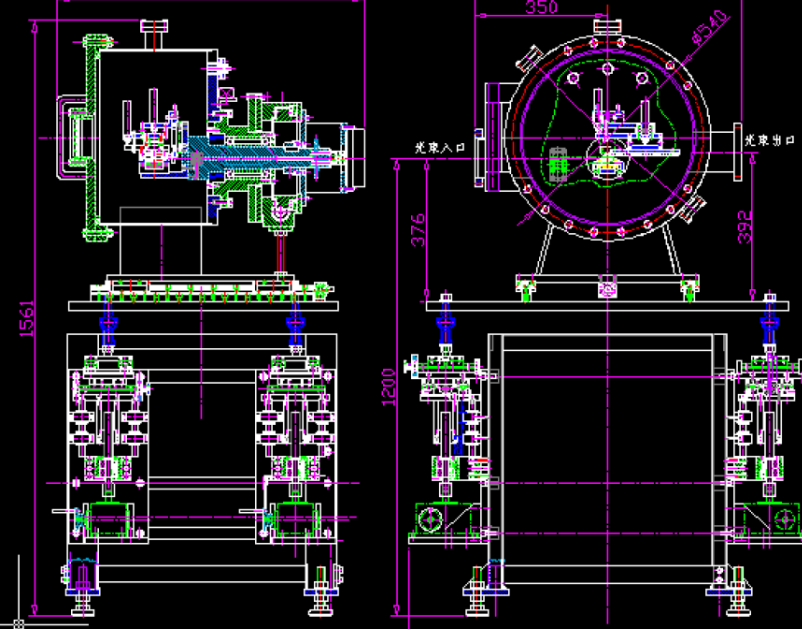
X-ray source



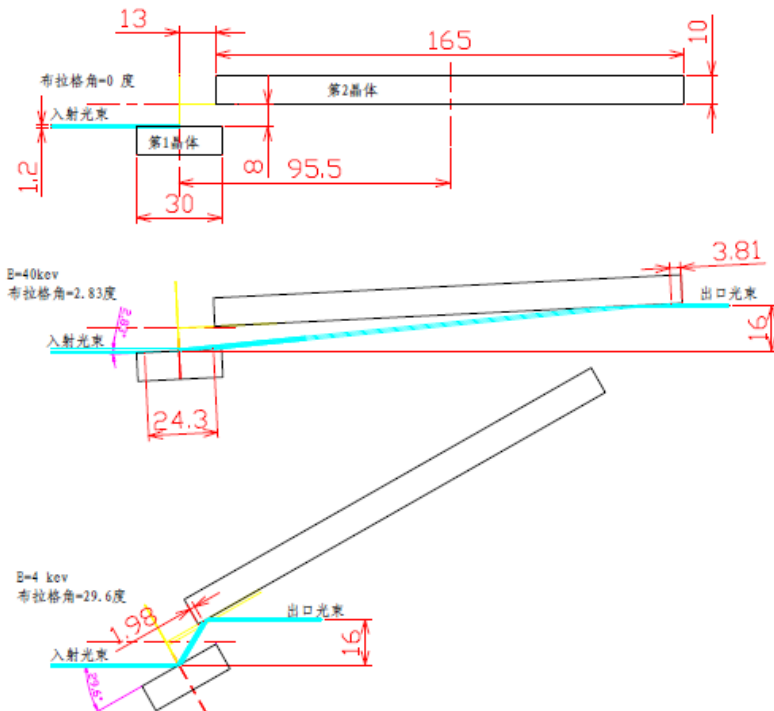
- Spellman (USA) DF3 series X-Ray high voltage power supplies
- X-ray tube
 - Voltage: 8-50 kV;
 - Current: <80 mA;
 - Maximum continuous power: 3 kW;
 - an open type (no beryllium window in the beam exit)
 - but with ultra-high vacuum gate valve
 - Cooling system: water flow.
 - copper anode
 - Vacuum: < 10^{-4} Pa

Switchable DCM

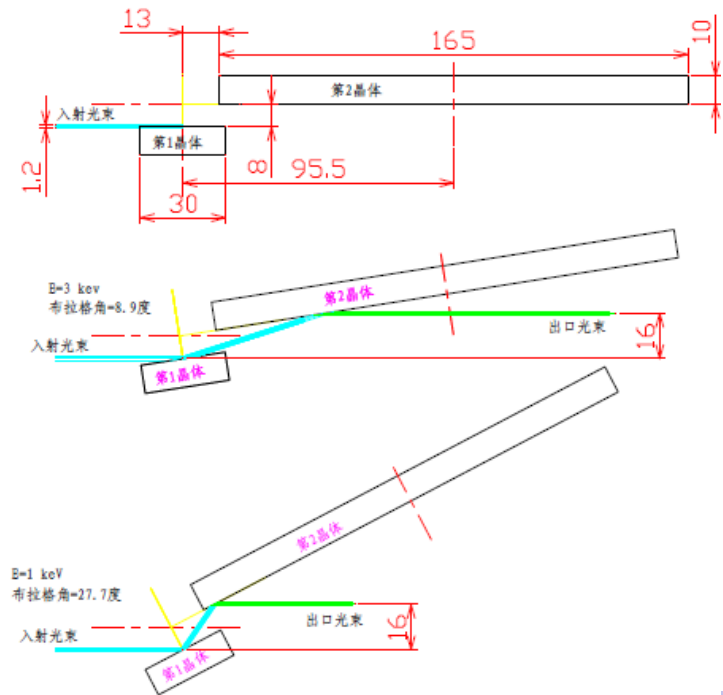
- 2 possible choices of crystals: Si (111), KAP (100)



晶体材料Si (111)

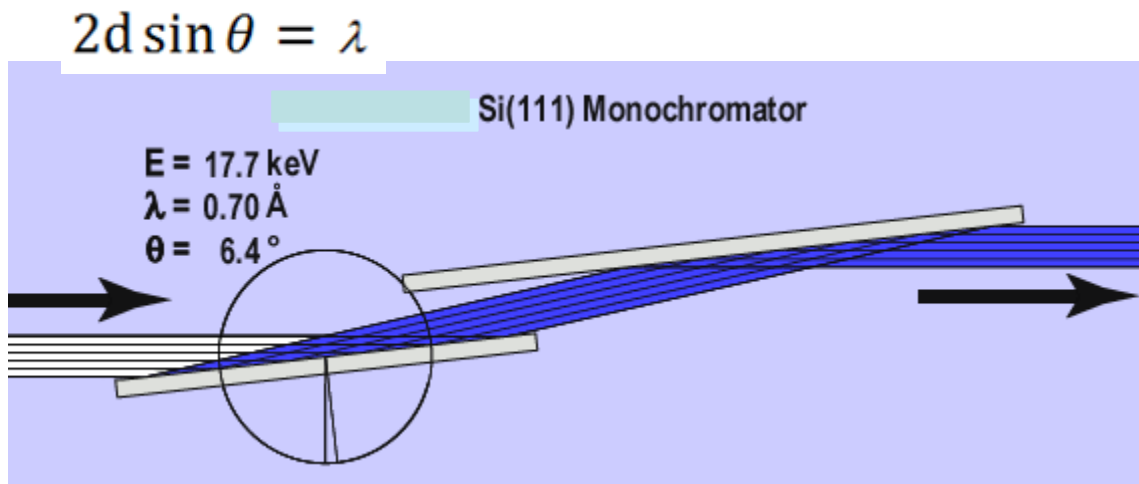


晶体材料KAP (100)



Physical design : energy depend on the incidence angle

- KAP (100): $d=13.316$ angstrom for 1-3 keV
- **Si (111): $d=3.138$ angstrom for 3-30 keV**



Physical design : energy resolution

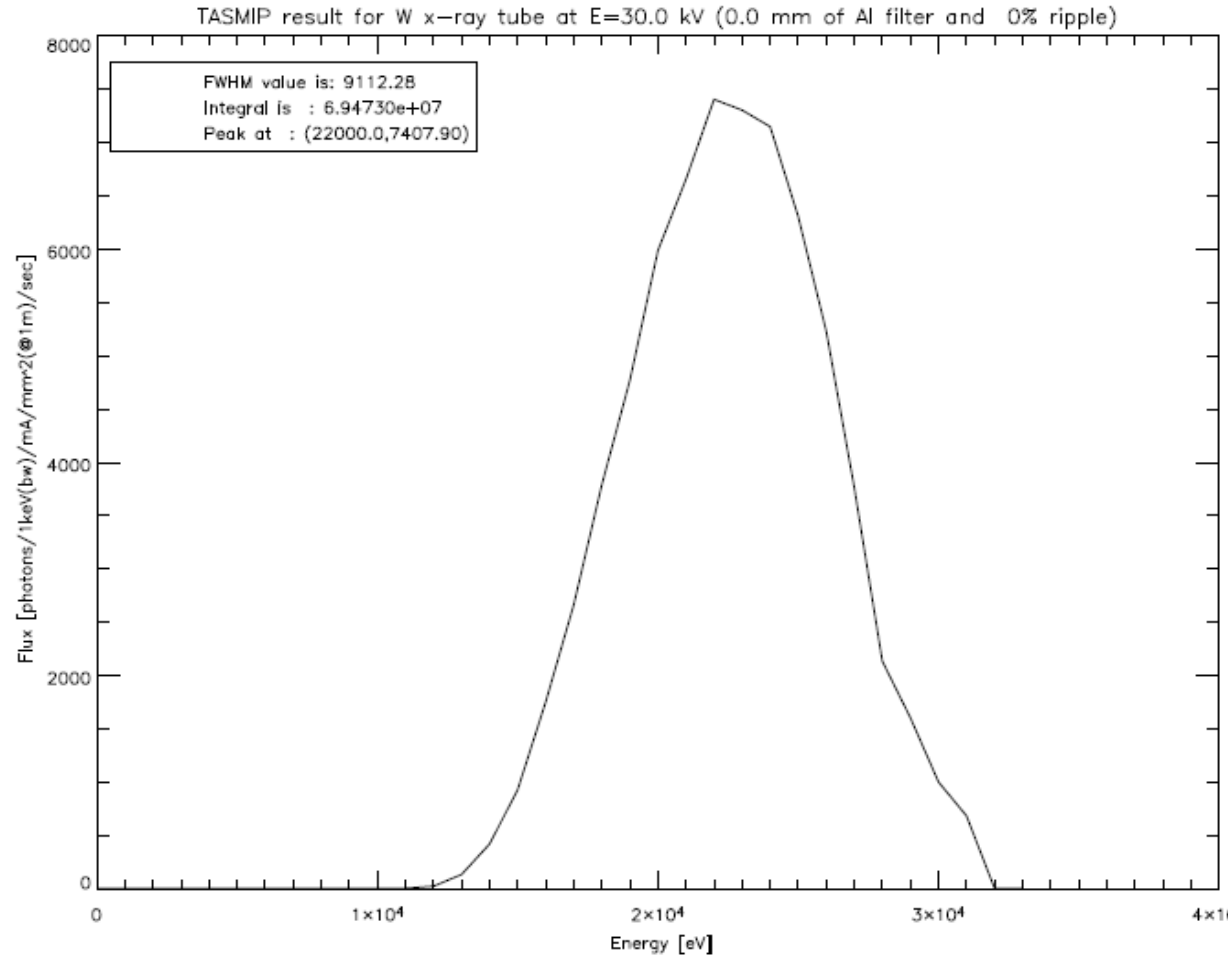
$$2d \sin \theta = \lambda \Rightarrow \frac{\delta E}{E} = \frac{\delta \theta}{\tan \theta}$$

- A set of collimators limits the divergence of the X-ray beam. The divergence of the beam influences the energy width of the monochromatized beam.
- 1mm*10mm (distance between X-ray tube and vacuum chamber : 5m)

E(keV)	1	2	3	4	5	10	20	30	40
θ (degree)	27.7	13.4	8.9	29.6	23.29	11.4	5.65	3.77	2.83
δE (keV)	0.0004	0.002	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.16
$\frac{\delta E}{E}$	0.0004	0.0008	0.001	0.0003	0.0005	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.004

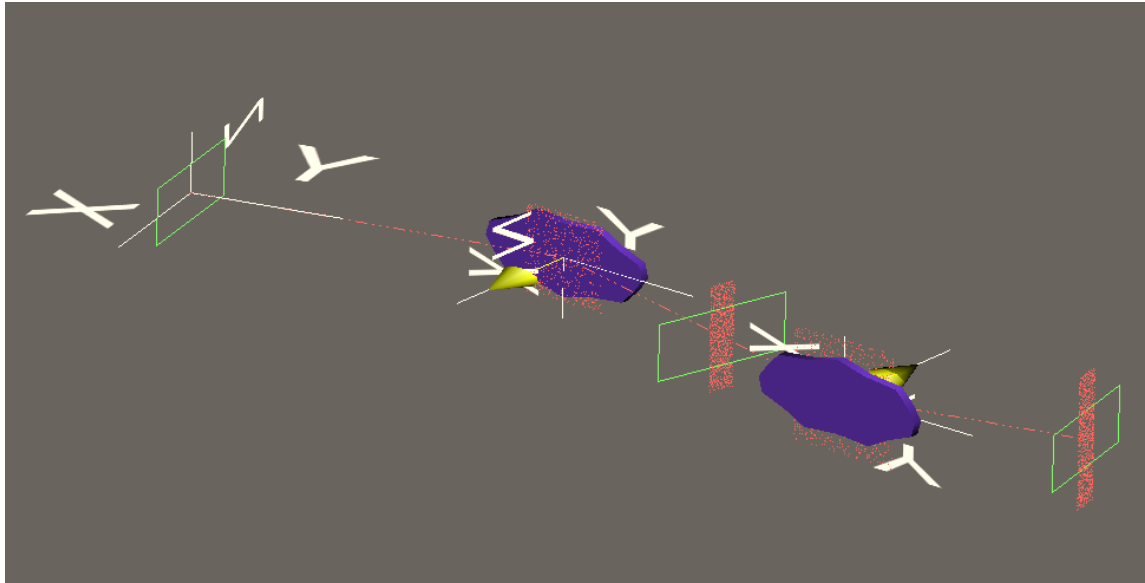
Simulation by XOP & shadow X-ray tube

- Tungsten target, 30W, 30 kV,
- $7E10$ cts/s/sr ,
- $6E9$ cts/s/keV/sr @ 20 keV

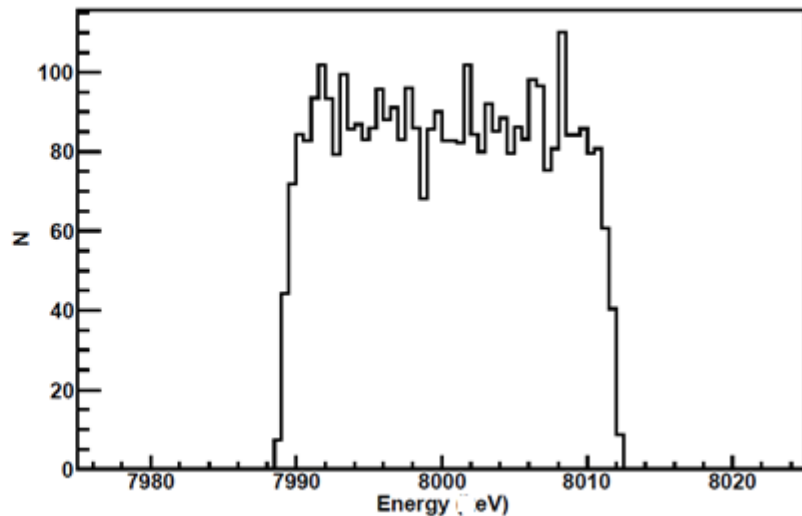
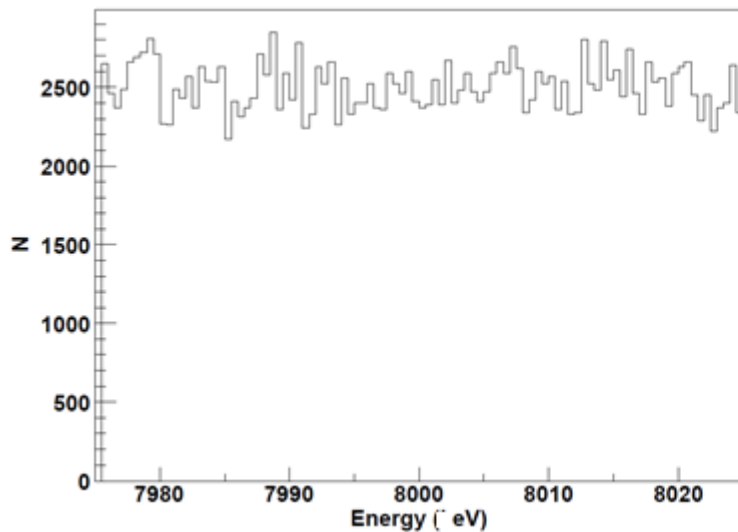


Simulation by XOP & shadow

DCM: reflection efficiency

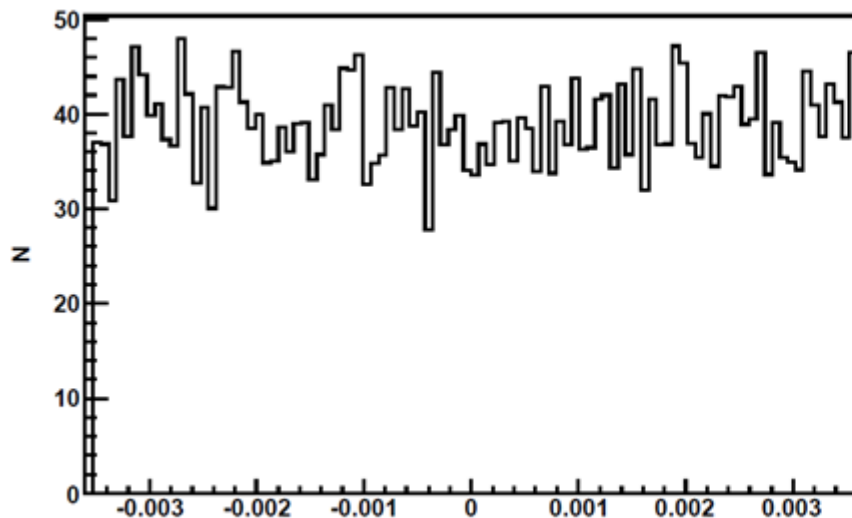


■ reflection efficiency ~ 0.04

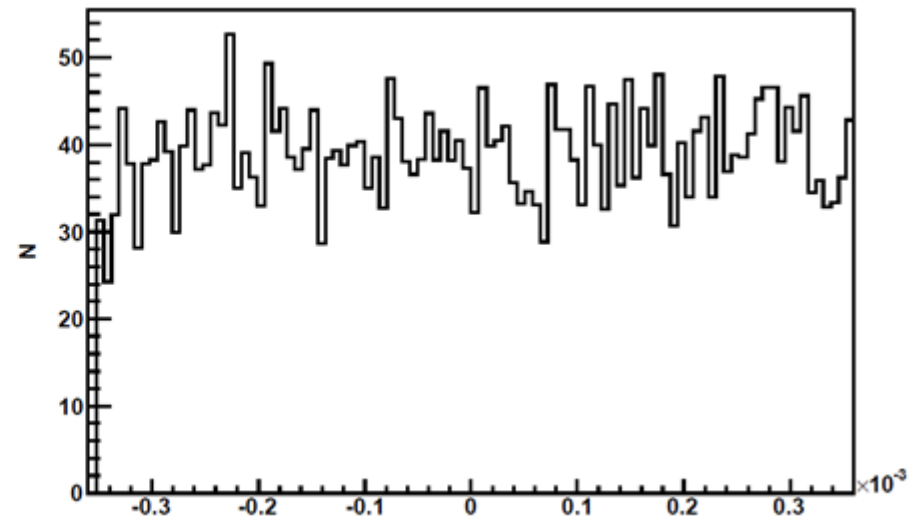


Simulation by XOP & shadow DCM: flux distribution on spot

- Result: spatial distribution is well



Long edge (degree)



short edge (degree)



Simulation by XOP & shadow results

- If we use 3 kW X-ray tube,
the spot size is 1mm*10mm@5m
we can get:
- 100cts/s@20keV (1000cts/s/cm², dE/E~0.002)
Under ideal circumstance !!



Time Schedule

time	assignment
2012.06---2012.09	Physical design
2012.10--2013.02	Subsystem design
2013.03--2013.04	The overall detailed design
2013.04--2013.06	sign contracts Buy equipment
2013.07---2013.08	build and install

Current status of the facility

- Test chamber: finished
- Signed contracts :
 - X-ray tube
 - X-Ray high voltage power supplier
 - DCM
- difficult points
 - Standard detector (efficiency)
 - Beam monitor (test, find the small size beam)
 - Co-alignment of the subsystems
- Under the helps/assistance of the PANTER facility





summary

- The facility is developed for the Energy Calibration for the detector of HXMT/LE & HXMT/ME
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■ Thanks for your attention



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