

LATEST NEWS ON XMM-NEWTON CALIBRATIONS AND OPERATIONS

Matteo Guainazzi

European Space Astronomy Centre, Villanueva de la Cañada, Spain

[with contributions by: Pedro Calderon, Ignacio de la Calle, Konrad Dennerl, **Michael Freyberg**, Rosario Gonzalez-Riestra, Aitor Ibarra, Frank Haberl, **Andy Pollock**, **Andy Read**, Pedro Rodriguez-Pascual, Simon Rosen, Richard Saxton, Maria Santos-LLeo, **Steve Sembay**, Michael Smith, **Martin Stuhlinger**, Antonio Talavera, Mike Watson]



Main calibration changes over the last year

- Implementation of the variable boresight (as of SASv12)
- `ELLBETA` PSF as default in the SAS (as of SASv12)
- Improved rejection of soft X-ray noise in EPIC-pn (`epnoise` in SASv12)
- Correction for X-Ray Loading in EPIC-pn Timing Mode exposures (`epreject` in SASv12)
- Column-by-column gain correction in EPIC-pn (`espatialcti` in SASv12)
- Refinement of the gain/CTI calibration in EPIC-MOS (Stuhlinger et al., 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-278,279) and EPIC-pn (Smith, 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-288)
- EPIC pile-up correction (SASv13)
- Calibration of the EPIC-pn on-board oscillator degradation (SASv13)
- EPIC-pn X-ray Loading correction for Imaging Modes (SASv13)
- Correction to the RGS λ -scale via correlation with the Solar Angle (SASv13)
- Refinement of the RGS response (SASv13)
- Novel software for the calibration of EPIC-MOS gain/CTI

[SASv12 = 23rd May 2012, post SAS-12; SASv13 = 1st April 2013; post SASv13]

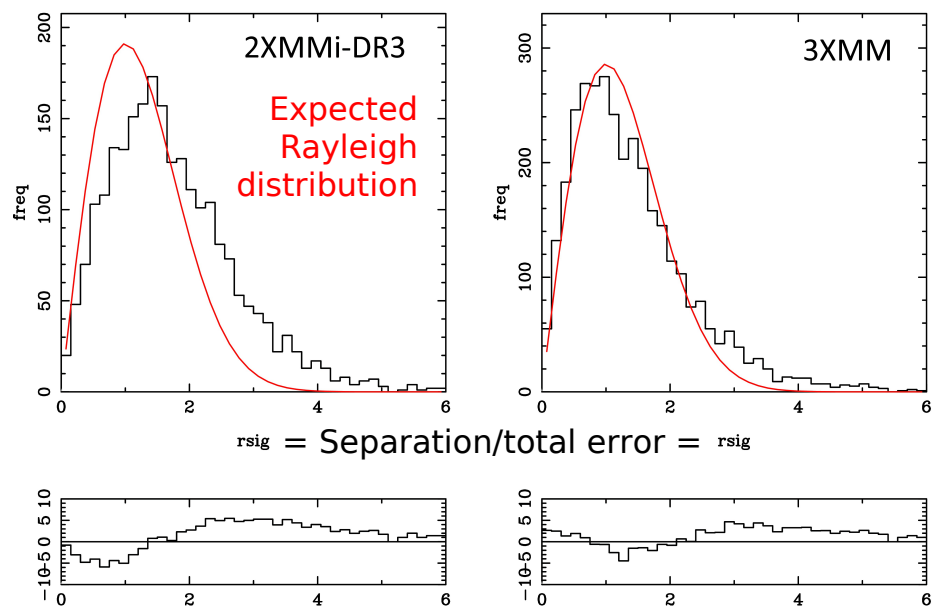
Main calibration changes over the last year

- **Implementation of the variable boresight (as of SASv12)**
- **ELLBETA PSF as default in the SAS (as of SASv12)**
- Improved rejection of soft X-ray noise in EPIC-pn (`epnoise` in SASv12)
- **Correction for X-Ray Loading in EPIC-pn Timing Mode (`epreject` in SASv12)**
- **Column-by-column gain correction in EPIC-pn (`espatialctigain` in SASv12)**
- Refinement of the gain/CTI calibration in EPIC-MOS (Stuhlinger et al., 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-278,279) and EPIC-pn (Smith, 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-278)
- **EPIC pile-up correction (SASv13)**
- Calibration of the EPIC-pn on-board oscillator degradation (SASv13)
- EPIC-pn X-Ray Loading correction for Imaging Modes (SASv13)
- **Correction to the RGS λ -scale via correlation with the Solar Angle (SASv13)**
- **Refinement of the RGS response (SASv13)**
- Novel software for the calibration of EPIC-MOS gain/CTI

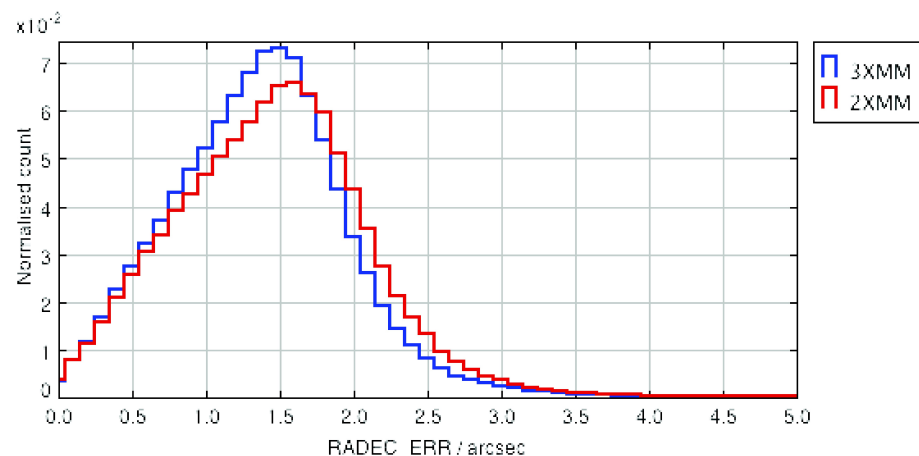
[**Bold** = discussed in this presentation]

(Courtesy M.Watson, A.Read, S.Rosen. **Preliminary** 3XMM results)

Distribution of normalised position separations between XMM-Newton and SDSS for 2XMM-DR3 and 3XMM



Distribution of statistical positional errors (as produced by the SAS task em1detect)



Main improvements:

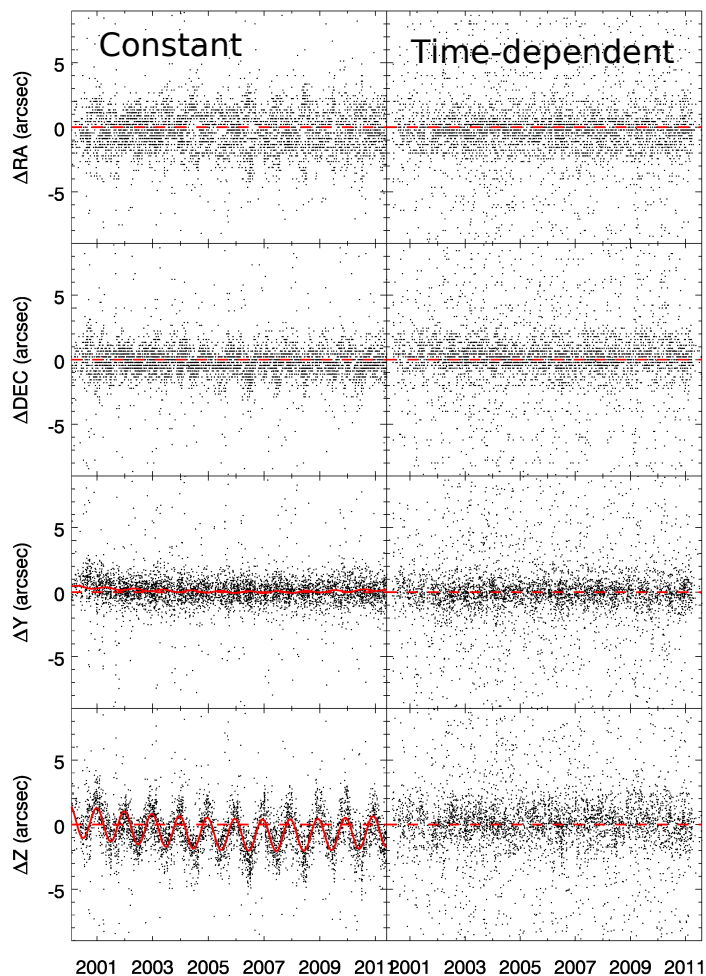
- ◆ ELLBETA PSF (Read et al., 2011, A&A, 534, 34)
- ◆ Various astrometry improvements with SASv12
- ◆ Time-dependent boresight (Talavera et al., 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-286)
- ◆ Correction to the ELLBETA centroiding and the SAS handling of the plate scale (SASv13)

Time-dependent boresight

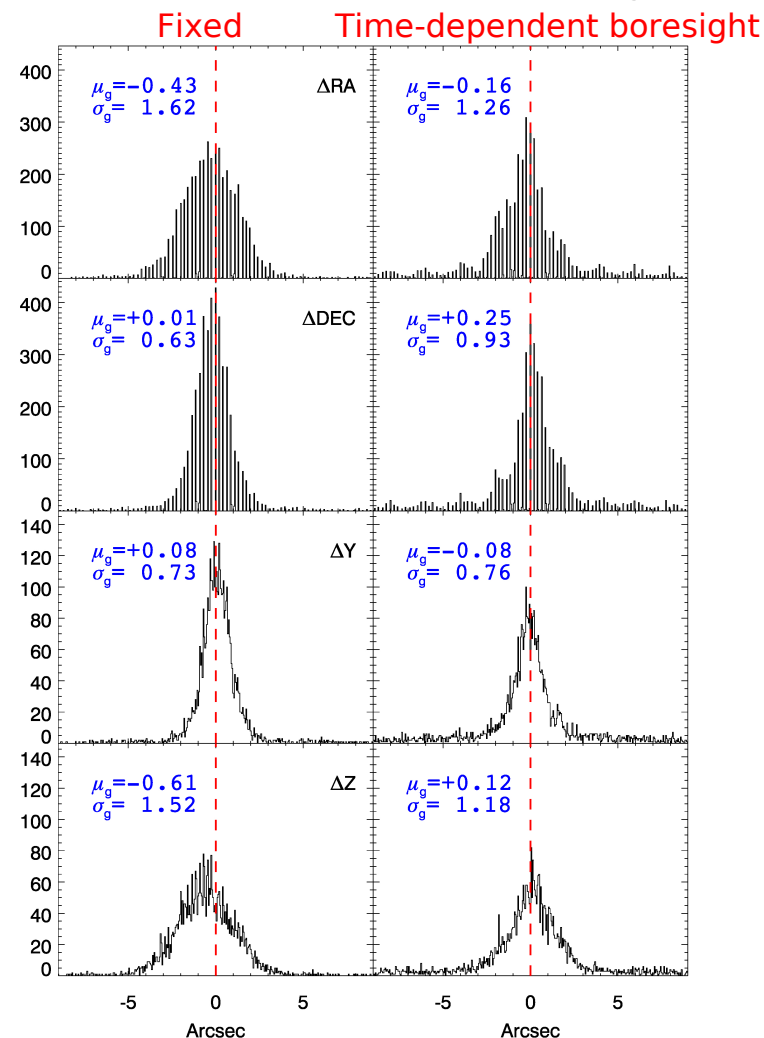


(Talavera et al., 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-286)

Empirical correction to the seasonal dependency of the star tracker vs. instrument axis alignment



EPIC positional offsets



RGS λ -scale



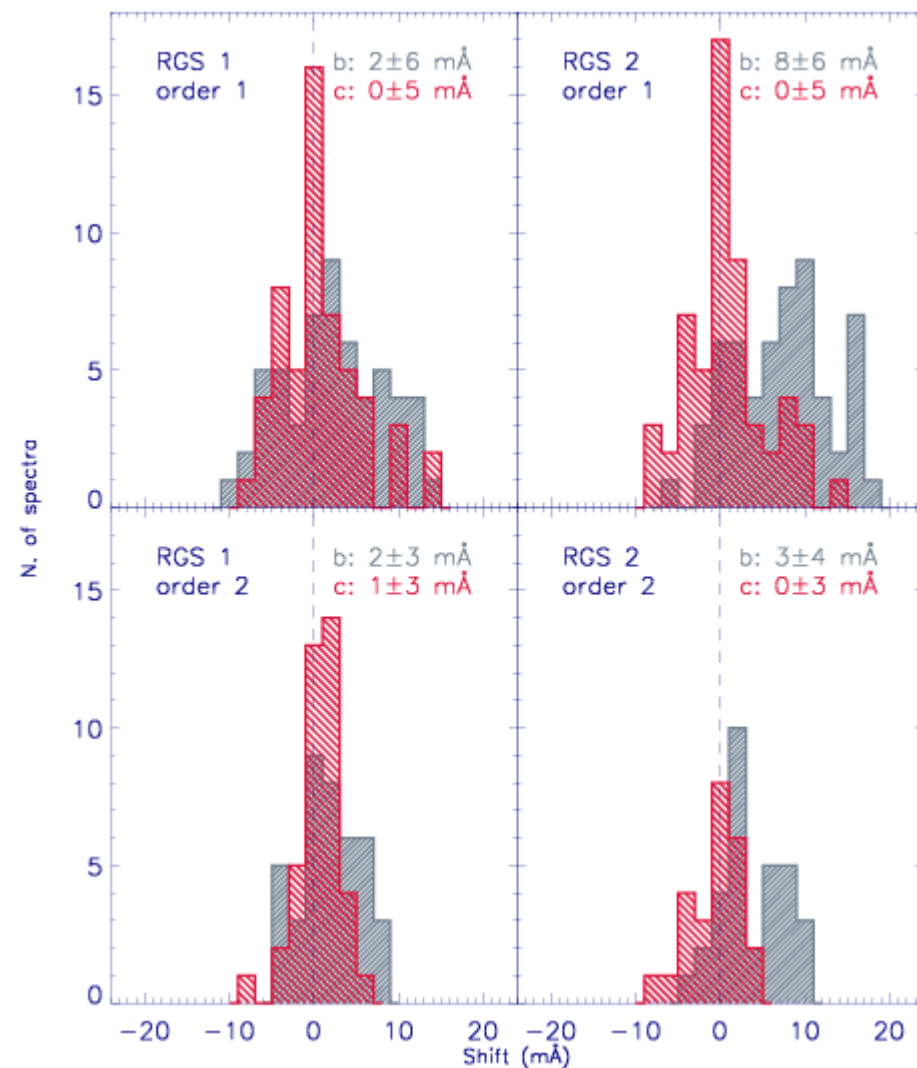
(Gonzalez-Riestra, 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-0290)

Wavelength shifts (average shift per spectrum , in mÅ)			
	a	b	c
RGS1 1st order	5 ± 7	2 ± 6	0 ± 5
RGS2 1st order	9 ± 7	8 ± 6	0 ± 5
RGS1 2nd order	4 ± 3	2 ± 3	1 ± 3
RGS2 2nd order	5 ± 3	3 ± 4	0 ± 3

a: SAS 12 before 26/9/2012 : Fixed Boresight

b: SAS 12 after 26/9/2012 : Time-depedend Boresight

c: SAS 13: Variable Boresight +Heliocentric velocity correction + Solar Angle correction



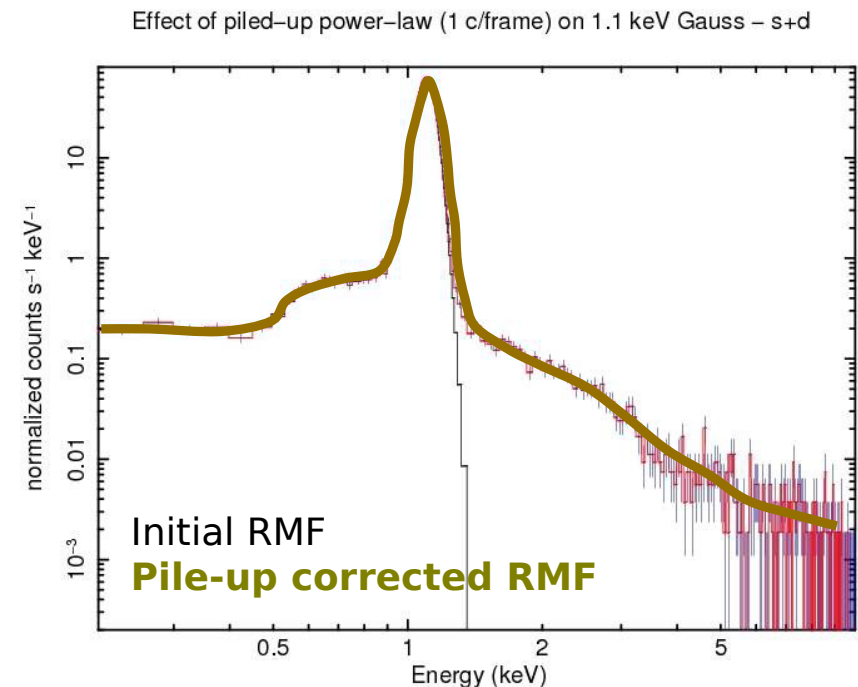
EPIC pile-up correction



(Courtesy R.Saxton, N.Schartel, I.de la Calle)

EPIC pile-up correction scheme in SASv13, based on the “added event” method

- Start from an event file
- Add one new event into each frame
 - in PSF-weighted pixels
 - with a trial PI channel
 - with pattern chosen from calibrations
- Calculate what happens to the event
- Produce a distribution of the output event PIs for each input PI
- Option in `rmfgen`



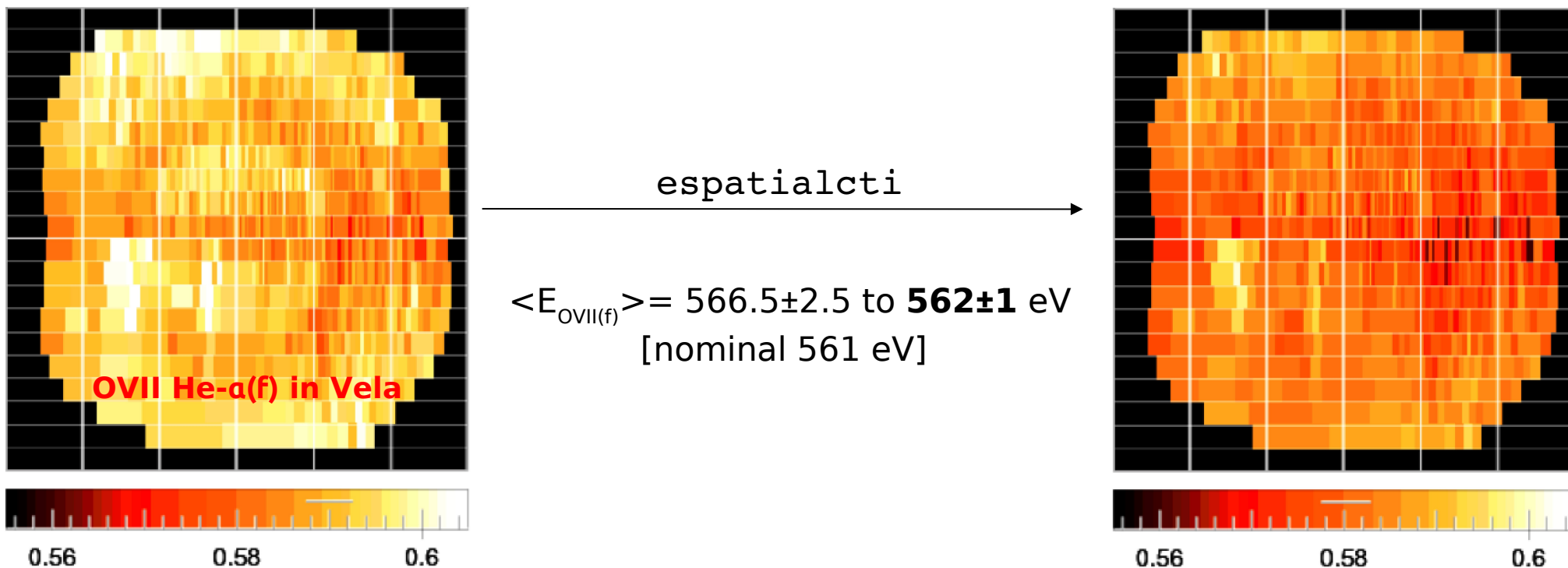
Method currently tested on the XMM-Newton cross-cal^{on} blazar sample for inclusion in SASv13

Pixel-by-pixel CTI variation correction in EPIC-pn



(Dennerl & Saxton, 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-0283)

Refinement of the CTI variation over the CCD on a pixel-by-pixel basis (`espatialcti`)



	0.6 keV	1.5 keV	5.9 keV
FF singles	4% (Fig. 1,2)	9% (Fig. 3)	12% (Fig. 4)
eFF singles		10% (Fig. 5)	8% (Fig. 6)
FF doubles		20% (Fig. 7)	3% (Fig. 8)

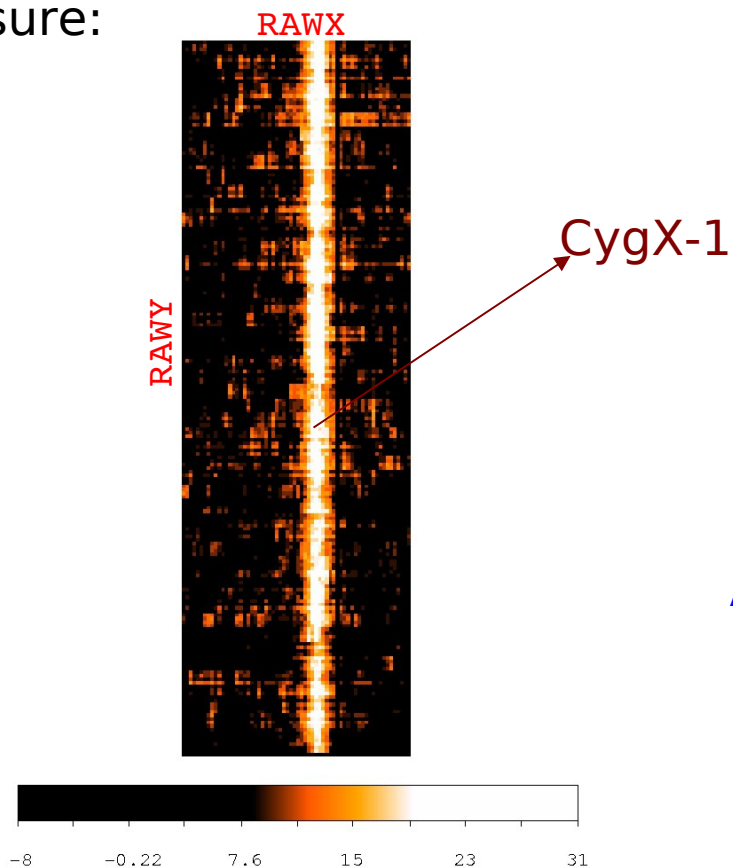
Table 2: Improvement of the spatial homogeneity of the absolute energy scale, determined by $1 - \sigma_{\text{after}} / \sigma_{\text{before}}$.

X-Ray Loading correction in EPIC-pn Timing Mode

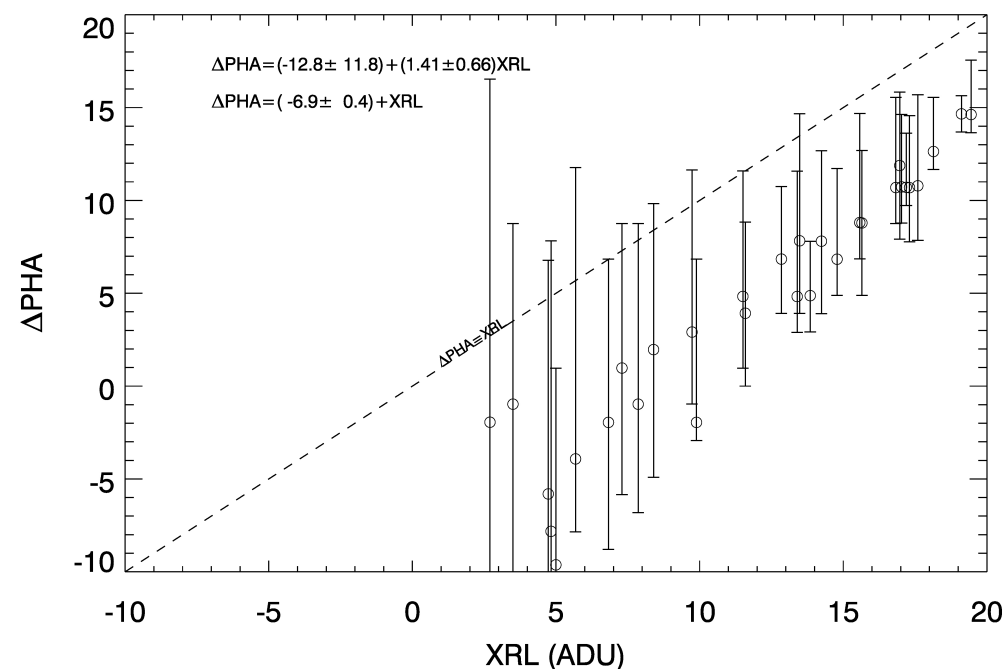


(Guainazzi & Smith, 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-296)

XRL in EPIC-pn Fast modes: *ubiquitous* source contamination during the “dark field” (offset map) prior to each EPIC-pn exposure:



XRL Spectral impact calibration



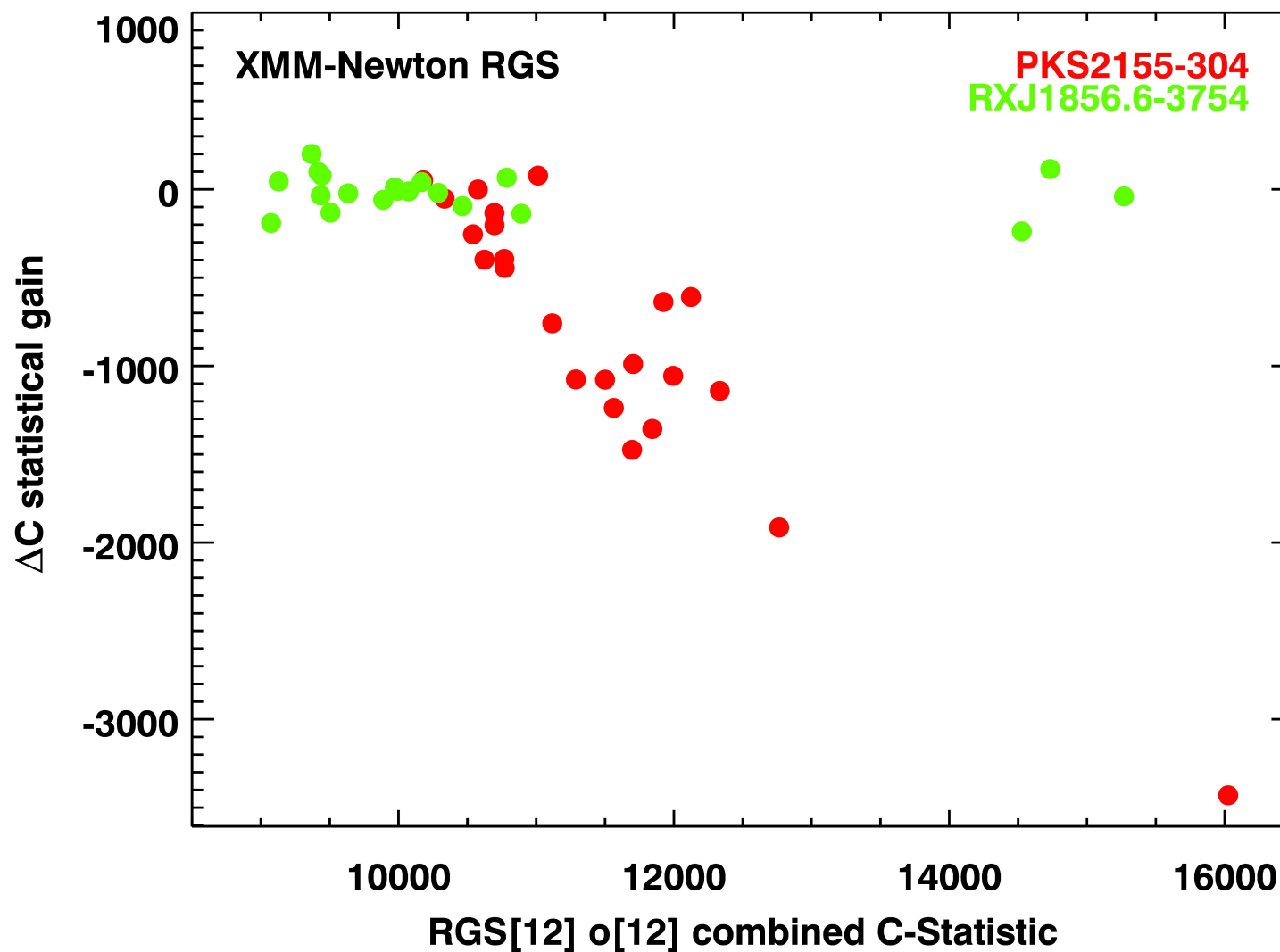
As of May 2012 EPIC-pn Burst and Timing Mode offset maps are calculated in `CLOSED` filter to prevent XRL

More on the re-calibration of EPIC-pn Timing Mode energy scale in the **CCD Working Group**

Refinement to RGS response



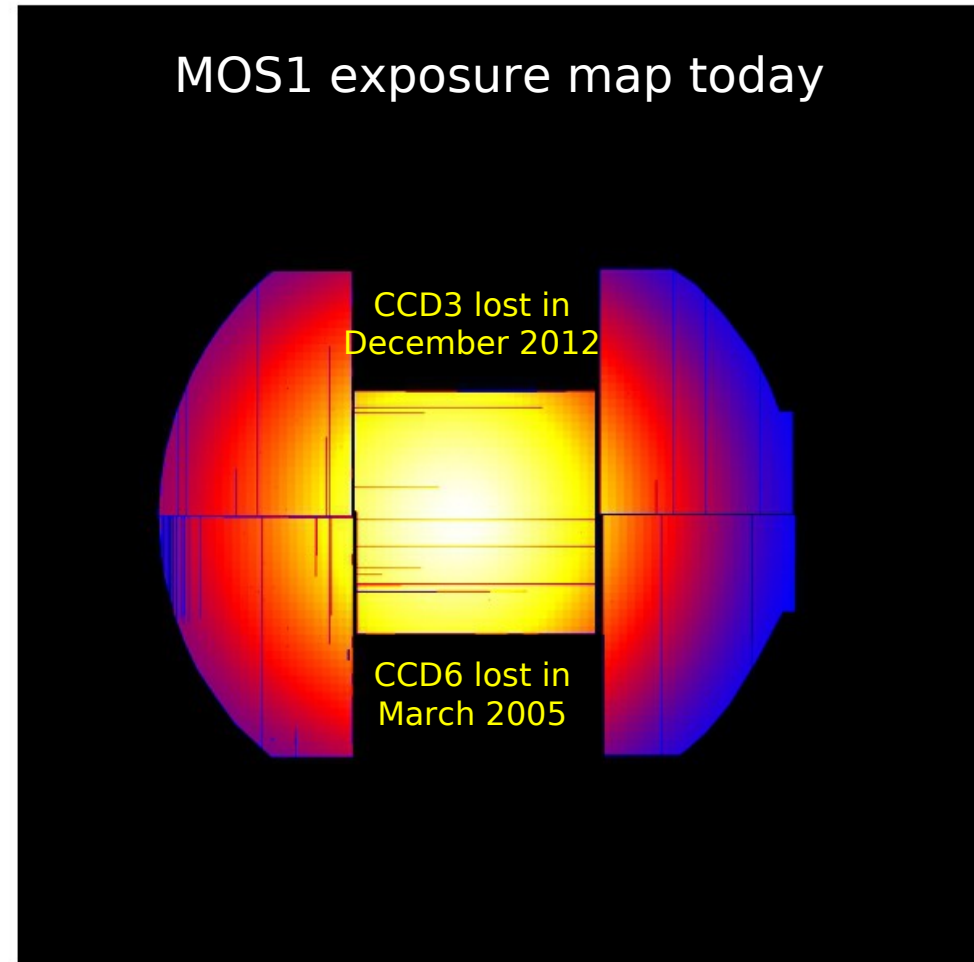
(Courtesy A.Pollock & A.Ibarra)



The MOS1-CCD3 event

(XMM-Newton SOC: http://xmm.esac.esa.int/external/xmm_news/items/MOS1-CCD3/index.shtml)

- Event registered in MOS1 at ~06:51UTC on 11th December 2012 (Rev.#2382)
- Bright flash of light causing data buffer overflow across the whole focal plane
- Likely micro-meteoroid impact
- CCD3 unusable for science since
- Several hot and defective columns in other CCDs (namely, #4 and #7) masked
- Integration time increased from 2.6s to 2.7s in Full Frame Mode to avoid frame time doubling
- Otherwise, nominal instrument operation, calibration accuracy and pipeline processing
- No measurable impact on MOS2, PN, RGS



Future work

- EPIC-MOS effective area refinement
 - Session IV, Thermal SNR WG, 26th March, 09:00-12:30: **S.Sembay, “Trend analysis of EPIC-MOS 1ES0102 data”**
- EPIC cross-calibration refinement
 - Session V, Effective Area WG, 26th March, 14:00-17:30: **A.Read, “XMM-Newton EPIC cross-calibration”**
- EPIC-pn Timing Mode energy scale
 - Session V, CCD WG, 26th March, 14:00-17:30: **M.Guainazzi, “Novel scheme to calculate the energy scale in EPIC-pn Timing Mode”**
- RGS contamination
 - Session VIII, WD & INS WG, 27th March, 14:00-17:30: **A.Pollock, “Variability or otherwise of RXJ1856-3754”**



Main calibration changes over the last year

- Implementation of the variable boresight (as of SASv12)
- `ELLBETA` PSF as default in the SAS (as of SASv12)
- Improved rejection of soft X-ray noise in EPIC-pn (`epnoise` in SASv12)
- Correction for X-Ray Loading in EPIC-pn Timing Mode exposures (`epreject` in SASv12)
- Column-by-column gain correction in EPIC-pn (`espatialcti` in SASv12)
- Refinement of the gain/CTI calibration in EPIC-MOS (Stuhlinger et al., 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-278,279) and EPIC-pn (Smith, 2012, XMM-CCF-REL-288)
- EPIC pile-up correction (SASv13)
- Calibration of the EPIC-pn on-board oscillator degradation (SASv13)
- EPIC-pn X-ray Loading correction for Imaging Modes (SASv13)
- Correction to the RGS λ -scale via correlation with the Solar Angle (SASv13)
- Refinement of the RGS response (SASv13)
- Novel software for the calibration of EPIC-MOS gain/CTI

[SASv12 = 23rd May 2012, post SAS-12; SASv13 = 1st April 2013; post SASv13]