Suzaku Operation & Calibration Status

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Outline

- Suzaku operations
 - solar panel power production
- XIS calibration status
 - effective area (contamination) tracking and calibration
 - background changes
- HXD calibration status
 - Crab cross-calibration
 - response feature

Suzaku Operations

Suzaku Power Balance



Stable since May 2012 – SR2014, AO9? (April 2014-2015)

XIS Calibration

Suzaku/XIS - Overview

- 4 CCDs with independent X-ray telescopes (XRTs)
- 3 front-illuminated (FI) XIS0 XIS2 XIS3
 I back-illuminated (BI) XIS1



Field of view	17.8' x 17.8'
Energy range	0.2-12 keV
Energy resolution	~180 eV @6keV
Effective area	340 (FI)/390 (BI) cm ² @1.5keV
Time resolution	8 s (Normal) - 7.8 ms (Psum)

from Tsujimoto's "pocket guide"

Major XIS Events

2005 July 10	launch of Suzaku
2005 Aug 13	XIS doors open, start of observations
2006 Nov 9	anomaly (µ-meteorite?) in XIS2; 2/3 of chip affected, XIS2 switched off
2009 June 23	anomaly (µ-meteorite?) in XIS0; I/8 of chip affected, XIS0 safe for normal ops
2009 Dec 18	anomaly (µ-meteorite?) in XISI; no CCD damage, likely hole in XISI OBF
2011 June 1	XISI charge injection level raised for routine observations

XIS Contamination Tracking



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from E0102

XIS Contamination Model

- HCNO composition
- H trend fitted from RXJ1856 then fixed
- N = 0 for FI chips
- contami_20120719 CALDB file, released 2012 Sept 02



XIS Contamination Model



XIS Contamination Non-Uniformity



XIS Contamination Summary

- decreasing contamination real? physical?
 - still divergence at recent time, new model needed
- spatial coverage may not be azimuthally symmetric
 - difficult to constrain with current set of calibration targets
- ongoing....

XIS Charge Injection Trailing



HXD Calibration



HXD calibration updates

Variation of Crab Flux (pulsar+nebula)

Kouzu et al 2013 PASJ





1. Cross calibration

Roughly consistent with others within statistical & systematic errors

Slight discrepancy found in epoch > MJD5500, (although PIN gain is stable in 0.5% level.)

2. Spectral variation

The photon index and break energy varies.

→ We need Simultaneous observation !!

HXD calibration future prospects



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ratio

Suzaku Status - Summary



- spacecraft power has stabilized
- XIS OBF contamination remains the most pressing calibration issue
- HXD no major changes

	X-RAY IMAGING	SPECTROMETER (XIS)		- A Contraction of the Contracti	Suzaku X-ray	/ Imagin (The latest version st users to plan an cument supplemer	(The latest version at ht ers to plan an XIS ent supplement the	
				Basics	XIS is equipped with four X-ray CCDs (XIS0-3) for imaging and	Field of view	17.	
XIS INFO	CCD PERFORMANCE MONIT	TORING		non-dispersive at the focus o observe the si	e spectroscopy. The four CCDs are of four co-aligned telescopes and ame field. Three CCDs are front-	Energy resolution	~1	
Home News About	Cal Source Monitoring	Using information from the Fe55 calibration source regions, we track the gain, spectral resolution, hot pixels, and CTI indicators. SCI-off and SCI-on data are monitored separately. These data have not processed by the calibration software.		illuminated (F superior respe XIS is operate	 and one is back-illuminated (BI) ectively in the hard- and soft-band. ed simultaneously with HXD. 	Effective area	cm 8 s	
PEOPLE GALLERY CALIBRATION	Monthly Cal Source Spectra	Spectra of integrated monthly Fe55 cal source data, by sensor and SCI setting.	reaction of the	Archive	Accepted targets : http://heasarc XIS log : http://darts.isas.jaxa.jp Obs plan : http://www.astro.isas.	.gsfc.nasa.gov/doo /astro/suzaku/suza jaxa.jp/suzaku/sch	cs/su: akuxi nedul	
MONITORING TEAM PAGE	INSTRUMENT HEALTH MONIT	TORING		View	XIS0-3 has 1024x1024 pixels com with one readout node for each s	posed of four segr egment. Due to un	ment navoi	
XIS	Instrument HK Monitoring	Tracking of the CCD temperature, baseplate temperature, and TEC voltage.	e de la section	meteorite hits (Psum) are no	etc, a part of XIS0 and the entire t usable. Two ^{ss} Fe calibration source	KIS2 (Normal) and tes (Mn I K α and K	all b β lin	
COLLABORATORS	CCD Temperature Anomalies	Summary of anomalous temperature excursions for each detector.	A STATE OF STATE OF STATE	6.5 keV) are ir (pixel)	unusable regions [#] Fe calibra	angle. Use the Mak tion Pixels to be	i too	
KYOTO U. Osaka U.	CONTAMINATION MONITORIN	NG		1024 512	150 70 OBF hole sources	read first.	17.8	
SUZAKU INFO	Point Source Monitoring	Tracking the on-axis OBF contamination with regular observations of soft point sources (primarily E0102).		D € ≭B		D	8 ×	
GO FACILITY SUZAKU AT ISAS XRS AT GSFC	Bright Earth Monitoring	Tracking the spatial dependence of the OBF contamination with monthly integrated observations of the sun-lit Earth, which emits field- filling O and N emission lines.						
HXD AT TOKYO U. XRT AT GSFC	$\overline{}$	117		XISO (FI Size of 90% enci radius of a po) 51 XIS1 (BI) XIS ircled energy int source Useful regions (Psum)	2 (FI) XI X HXD nominal posit	IS3 (ion	
	MIT Kark Institute for Astrophysica and Space Research ema	III HASSACHUSETS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Updated: Web May 27 11:11:45 EDT 2009 al: milleric@mil.edu		Counts/s For bright vari	Estimate the count rate using the 1 mCrab flux yields 1.6 [/s/senso iable sources, check MAXI and RXT	e PIMMS tool. App or] (FI) and 1.9 [/s FE/ASM. Rate estin	roxin /sens nate	
				selecting XIS update the es	modes. PIs of ToO observations of stimate by a few days prior to the o	bright variable sou	Jrces	

JARA Ban Aropare Edization Agency	Suzaku X-ray This leaflet is intended to assist the "Technical Description" doc	Imagin (The latest version users to plan an ument supplement	at http://www.astro.it XIS observation. t the information.	tro sas.ja The Cor	OME axa.jp/~tsuj Suzaku w Isult xisop	tel imot/pc eb pa e@as	ge (htt	tp://w	<u>ck</u> ww.as	Re stro.isa	e fe l as.jax	rer a.jp/su ails.	ICE	201 (ISA	0/03/2 S; XIS .html.	7 M. Tsı support en) ar	ijimoto astrono id	omer)
Basics	XIS is equipped with four X-ray	Field of view	17.8' x 17.8'	Aim point Choose either XIS- or HXD-nomi						nomin	al	Positio	n	Nor	malized	rate		
non-dispersive	CCDs (XIS0-3) for imaging and	Energy range	0.2-12 keV		detector	tor you emphasize. The count rate differs by							, –			XIS	1	HXD
at the focus of four co-aligned telescopes and		Energy resolution	~180 eV @6keV		~10%. Positions other than these r					se ma	may be useful XIS nomin					1		0.9
observe the sa illuminated (F	ame field. Three CCDs are front- I) and one is back-illuminated (BI)	Effective area	340 (FI)/390 (BI) cm ² @1.5keV		for mapping observations.							H	IXD non	ninal	0.9		1	
Superior respective XIS is operate	ctively in the hard- and soft-band. d simultaneously with HXD.	Time resolution	8 s (Normal) - 7.8 ms (Psum)	Clocking XI			XIS i User	XIS is operated in a combination of clocking and editing modes. Users are responsible to choose the appropriate clocking mode. It										
Archive	Archive Accepted targets : http://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/docs/suzaku/tlminfo/ XIS log : http://darts.isas.jaxa.jp/astro/suzaku/suzakuxislog/top.do Obs plan : http://www.astro.isas.jaxa.jp/suzaku/schedule/shortterm/							differe , use l hoose hing ad	Norma Norma Norm	al mod al mod al moi y, cho	mode le wit de wit ose P	es for (h no o th app (Sum ()	differe ption. ropria XIS3)	For b te win and o	right (idow a thers	For ta (>12 [and/or (XIS0,	int (<1 s/sens burst 1).	12 or])
View XIS0-3 has 1024x1024 pixels composed of four segments (A-D)				a	Clock mode Normal Psum										Psum			
with one readout node for each segment. Due to unavoidable micro- meteorite hits etc, a part of XIS0 and the entire XIS2 (Normal) and all but XIS3		Opt	t Win.	no	1/4	1/8	no	no	no	no	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4	1/8	no		
(Psum) are not usable. Two ⁵⁵ Fe calibration sources (Mn I K α and K β lines at 5.9 and			ion	Burst	no	no	no	2.0	0.7	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.5	no	
0.5 KeV) are in (nixel)	(nixel) Investigation Specify the roll angle. Use the Maki tool.				ax cnt/s to bid pile-up ^s	12	48	96	48	1.3 10 ²	1.9 10 ²	7.1 10 ²	96	1.9 10 ²	3.2 10 ²	7.1 10 ²	1.9 10 ²	1.5 10 ²
024 512 150.70 / OBF hole sources read first. 17.8'					oss rate %	2	7	14	76	91	94	98	54	77	86	94	57	0
					Support	ОК	ОК	*2	ОК	*3	*3	*2	ОК	ОК	*2	*2	*2*5	*2*4
		*1: The rates are "hard limits". A 5-10% margin should be considered. Annulus extractions can also work *2: Calibration not guaranteed. *3: BI only. *4: FI only. *5: HXD-nominal only.										rk.						
			<u>Window option</u> $1/n$ (n =4 or 8) option reads (1024x1024/ n) pixels centered at the aim position in 8/ n [5]. (Pros) Photons not lost for the observed area. (Cons) The observed area reduced by 1/ n . The calibration sources not observed.															
XIS0 (FI) 51 XIS1 (BI) XIS2 (FI) XIS3 (FI)				Burst option <i>m</i> [s] (<i>m</i> =0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 2.0) option reads photons arriving in <i>m</i> out of 8 [s] in each image. (Pros) The calibration sources observed. The														
Size of 90% enci radius of a poi	rcled energy int source			3	Psum mo	on an de	128 rd	ows ar	e stac	ked a	n irac long t	the rea	adout	directi	on. vi	eldina	(1024	x8)
Counts/s Estimate the count rate using the PIMIS tool. Approximately, 1 mCraB hux yields 1.6 (J/sensor) (FI) and 1.9 (J/s/sensor) (BI). For bright variable sources, check MAXI and RXTE/ASM. Rate estimate is crucial for selection VIS modes PIs of Too Chespanetize of bright variable sources may					<u>Camulations</u> in 2010/08 are second along the feadulu directually yielding (102/Mo) pixel data. (Pros) High timing accuracy 7.8 ms in recording event arrival time. (Cons) Spatial information lost along the readout direction. Spectral performance severely degraded due to inefficient noise reduction, the unavailability of the the sacrificed charge injection technique, etc.													

http://space.mit.edu/XIS/monitor

http://www.astro.isas.jaxa.jp/~tsujimot/pg_xis.pdf

XIS Status



from Tsujimoto's "pocket guide"

Contamination Model

- current model H,C,O
 - composition from RXJ1856
 - time-dependence from E0102
 - spatial dependence from bright Earth, Cygnus Loop
- new model H,C,N,O
 - composition, time dependence from E0102, RXJ1856, PKS2155
 - spatial dependence TBD
 - improve trend and improve composition

(New) Contamination Model



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Figure showing 2011 Apr 26 observation of PKS 2155-304 fitted using (a) old and (b) new models of the contaminant.



Figure showing 2012 Jun 11 observation of the Cygnus Loop fitted using (a) old and (b) new models of the contaminant.

(New) Contamination Model

XIS1





XIS Non-X-ray Background



XIS I/4 Window Gain Error

- empirical difference in gain correction between 1/4 window and full window
- bug in makepi_20111227 CALDB file
- I/4- and I/8-window gain correction incorrect for observations after 2011 Dec 29
- corrected with makepi_20120527, released 2012 July 03



XIS I/4 Window Gain Error



Fig5. Measured energy of the FeXXV line from observation of the Perseus cluster.