

IXPE In-orbit calibration

Status & monitoring

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IACHEC 2022 Spring Virtual Workshop

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2 Calibration

3 Preliminary results

Mission status

The Imaging X-ray Polarimetry Explorer



- NASA-ASI SMall EXplorer mission dedicated to (linear) X-ray imaging polarimetry
 - ➡ Energy range: 2–8 keV
 - Polarimetry: MDP>5.5% in 10 days for 10⁻¹¹ cgs
 - + Imaging (< 30 arcsec)
 - + Timing ($\sim 10 \mu s$)
 - + Spectroscopy (<20% at 5.9 keV)
- 3 identical telescopes
 - Grazing-incidence X-ray mirrors (3+1 spare)
 - Imaging X-ray photoelectric polarimeters based on GPD design (3+1 spare)
 - The two are separated by an extensible boom



The Imaging X-ray Polarimetry Explorer



Involved parties



- Outstanding science:
 - polarimetry of tens of sources belonging to almost all astrophysical classes of sources
 - Insight in source modelling and fundamental physics





- Manufactured at NASA/MSFC with replica from mandrels technique
- Nickel-cobalt alloy shells, 24 shells/module
- Heritage from HERO, FOXSI and ART programs
- Contribution from Nagoya University (Japan) for thermal shields
- 4.0 m focal length
- \blacksquare Shell thickness: 178-254 μm
- Mass: 93 kg for three mirrors
- Measured total collecting area: 540 cm² at 3 keV
- Measured angular resolution < 30 arcsec



The Gas Pixel Detector

LAPE

- Developed by INFN-Pisa and INAF-IAPS since 2001
- Photons are absorbed in a gas mixture
- Primary ionization is multiplied with a Gas Electron Multiplier (GEM) and eventually collected on the top layer of a dedicated ASIC
- Polarization is derived from direction of emission of the photoelectron
- All the characteristics of the photons are measured contemporaneously and photon by photon



The Instrument on-board IXPE

INPE

- The GPD is hosted inside the Detector Unit
- The Back-End Electronics which powers and controls the GPD
- A filter and calibration wheel
 - ➡ 1 polarized at two energies (3.0 and 5.9 keV)
 - 3 not polarized (5.9 and 1.7 keV)
 - ➡ All powered by ⁵⁵Fe
 - Filters for special observations





Launch!





9th December, 2021 from LC 39A in the "NASA Kennedy Space Center"







1 month duration to switch on all systems, including the Instrument



■ 1 month duration to switch on all systems, including the Instrument



Thousands of flights canceled on Christmas weekend



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Updated 0242 GMT (1042 HKT) December 27, 2021





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1 month duration to switch on all systems, including the Instrument





- 1 month duration to switch on all systems, including the Instrument
- All systems were nominal
- First photons acquired!
- (on the left) Spectrum of cal C calibration source
 - ➡ Comparison with on-ground calibration
 - Measurements 2 years apart



Resolution at 5.9 keV	DU1	DU2	DU3
Calibration (late 2019)	$16.93{\pm}0.16\%$	$16.66{\pm}0.16\%$	$16.95{\pm}0.17\%$
In-flight (Jan-2022)	$17.51{\pm}0.21\%$	$17.49{\pm}0.17\%$	$17.71{\pm}0.18\%$

Calibration



Can not rely on previous experience or standard candles

- DU and MMA are first calibrated separately
 - DUs are calibrated at INAF-IAPS
 - MMAs are calibrated at NASA-MSFC
- 3x Flight Models are delivered to Ball for integration
- Spare DU and spare MMA are calibrated jointly at NASA-MSFC



The IXPE Instrument calibration

- Nominally, 40 days for each of the 4 DUs
- \blacksquare ${\sim}80\%$ of time dedicated to polarized and unpolarized response
 - \blacktriangleright Requirement on knownledge of the response <0.1%
 - Required custom sources and procedures
- Started on 26th July 2019, last measurement on the spare on 14th September 2020
 - Source set-up and alignment during working hours, 7 days per week
 - Data acquisition round the clock with remote monitoring
 - ➡ 530 measurements, 4052.3 hr acquisition and 2.250 billion counts collect
- Other calibrations:
 - Absolute quantum efficiency
 - Pixel-to-pixel equalization
 - Gain disuniformities
 - Energy resolution
 - ➡ Dead time
 - Spatial resolution
 - Response to inclined beam



The (instrument) pipeline



Provided and maintained by Italian partners (ASI-SSDC, INAF, INFN)

- 1 Pixel equalization
 - Affect track reconstruction
- 2 Event energy calibration
 - Correction for temperature, charging and secular
- **3** Spurious modulation subtraction
 - Depends on the energy
- 4 Normalization by the modulation factor



On-board calibration sources I

- Used for monitoring performance, on-ground and in-flight
- Update response matrices as needed
- Each is powered by a single 55 Fe
- A set in each DU
 - Cal A | polarized X-rays at 3.0 and 5.9 keV
 - Cal B unpolarized spot at 5.9 keV
 - Cal C unpolarized flat field at 5.9 keV
 - Cal D unpolarized flat field at 1.7 keV





calC calD [Ferrazzoli et al., 2020]



On-board calibration sources II





Cal A at 3.0 and 5.9 $\rm keV$



Cal B, C and D



- Nearly constant for 3 years now
- .. and much better than requirement (<25%)
- Indicator of good health
- Measured for really monochromatic X-rays from Cal A



Detector quantum efficiency



- Pressure (and hence quantum efficiency) inside the GPD is decreasing
- Associated to adsorption on the glue
- Effect nearly saturated by the launch
- Monitored with source counting rate
- Included in response matrices



Detector quantum efficiency

INPE

- Pressure (and hence quantum efficiency) inside the GPD is decreasing
- Associated to adsorption on the glue
- Effect nearly saturated by the launch
- Monitored with source counting rate
- Included in response matrices
- Rate corrected for deadtime, ⁵⁵Fe decay and modelled pressure decay
 - Pressure effectively saturated as expected
- Drop after launch associated to storage at survival temperature





- Generate polarized X-rays at two energies
 - First and second order diffraction of graphite crystal
 - ➡ Polarization smaller that 100%
- Monitored since the DU thermo-vacuum test (with different nuclides)
- Increase <1% for pressure decrease
 - modeled with Monte Carlo
 - included in the response matrices





Important per se and for polarimetric response calibration

Calibration for spurious modulation

 $q_{\rm cal} = 2\cos 2\varphi_k - q_{\rm sm}(x, y, E)$ $u_{\rm cal} = 2\sin 2\varphi_k - u_{\rm sm}(x, y, E)$

- ➡ q_{sm} and u_{sm} are measured on-ground and interpolated at the event energy [Rankin et al., 2022]
- Normalization by the modulation factor

 $\mu = \mu(E)$



- "Raw" energy reconstructed for
 - Cal C at 5.89 keV (left)
 - Cal D at 1.74 keV (right)

Energy calibration II



- Each day either Cal C or Cal D for all detectors
- 10×10 bins gain maps are generated with Cal C and Cal D
 - Two energies, allows to derive slope and offset
 - ➡ Interpolated at intermediate energies



Calibration during target occultation



Results of energy calibration with on-board sources

Conclusions

EXPE

- Telescopes are perfectly cross-calibrated
 - Calibration is being monitored
 - Energy adjusted with frequent calibration
- Polarization detection with high-significance on ~40% of objects belonging to different classes:
 - Isolated neutron stars...
 - Binary systems with either neutron stars and black holes
 - ➡ Blazars…
- Magnetic field the main player, but also scattering at work!
- Just 4.5 months of observations
- X-ray polarization window is eventually open!
- Long term observing plan: https://ixpe.msfc.nasa.gov/for_scientists/ltp.html





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