

Status of IACHEC Concordance

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(Chen+, 2019, JASA; Marshall+, 2021, *Aj*, 162, 254; Marshall+ in prep.)

The Goal

- The problems
 - Discrepant results from X-ray observatories in orbit
 - Cluster temperatures and fluxes
 - Blazar fluxes from simultaneous observations
 - SNR line fluxes
 - Imperfect ground cal, performance changes in flight
 - Instrument area priors a_i differ from “true values” A_i
 - No absolute calibrators across all bands in flight: no “true” F_j
- Specific task: derive \hat{A}_i for optimal agreement

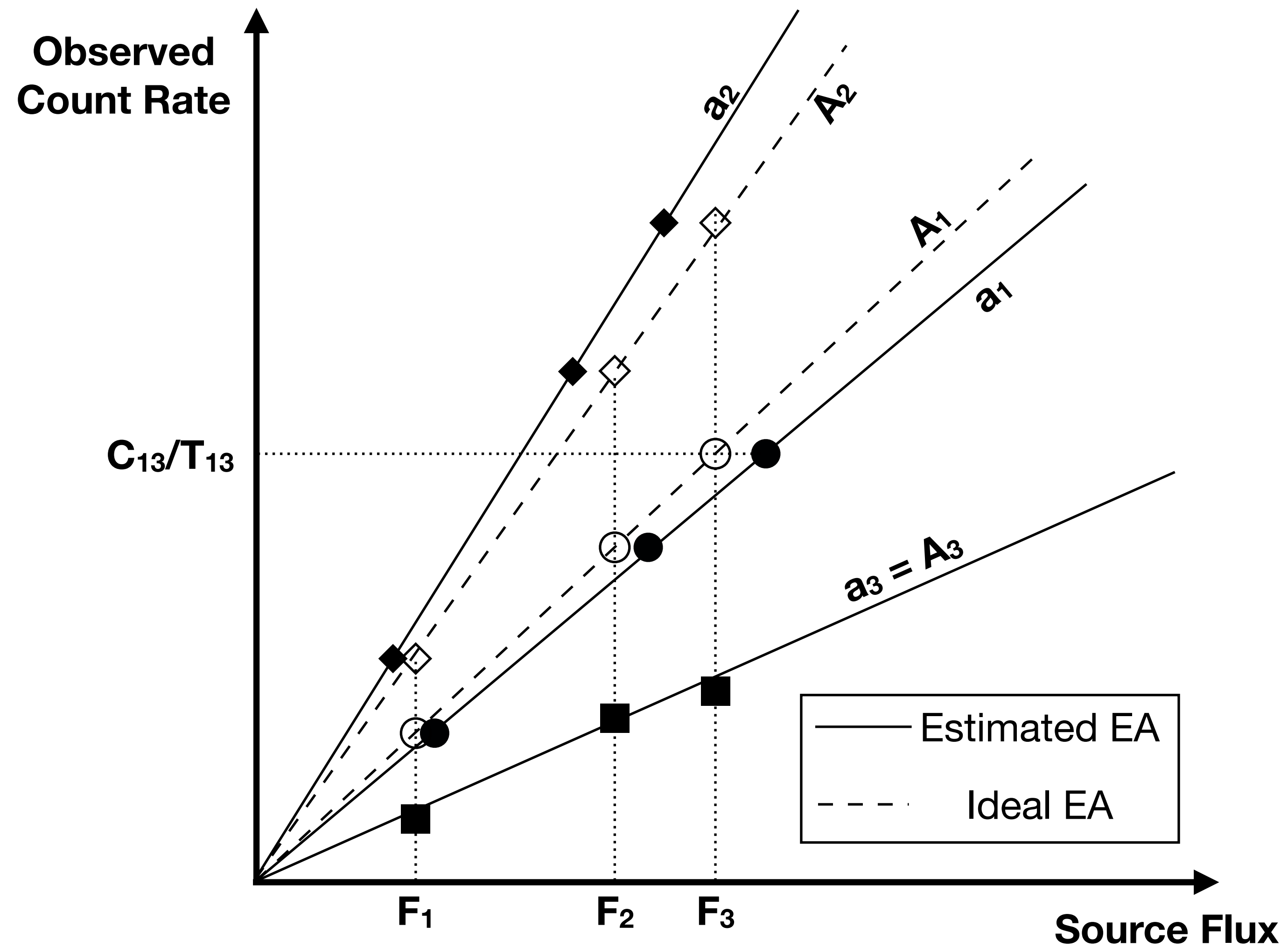
➡ Let flux $f_{ij} = c_{ij}/T_{ij}/a_i$

where $a_i =$ prior on A_i

$c_{ij} =$ observed counts

$T_{ij} =$ known exposure time

The Problem, Graphically



Previously: Eff. Area Correlations

- Assume we have EA parameters $\vec{\xi}$ giving $\log \tilde{A}(E; \vec{\xi}) = \tilde{B}(E; \vec{\xi})$ with $p(\vec{\xi})$

- Then $\hat{B}(E) = \int \tilde{B}(E; \vec{\xi}) p(\vec{\xi}) d\vec{\xi}$ is the best (prior) estimate of B and $\tau^2(E) = \int [\tilde{B}(E; \vec{\xi}) - \hat{B}(E)]^2 p(\vec{\xi}) d\vec{\xi}$ should be the prior's variance

- Consider two energies, E_i and $E_{i'}$, then the correlation between these is

$$\rho_{i,i'} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\tau(E_i)\tau(E_{i'})}} \int [\tilde{B}(E_i; \vec{\xi}) - \hat{B}(E_i)][\tilde{B}(E_{i'}; \vec{\xi}) - \hat{B}(E_{i'})] p(\vec{\xi}) d\vec{\xi}$$

- In reality, a Monte Carlo method is used to compute the correlations...

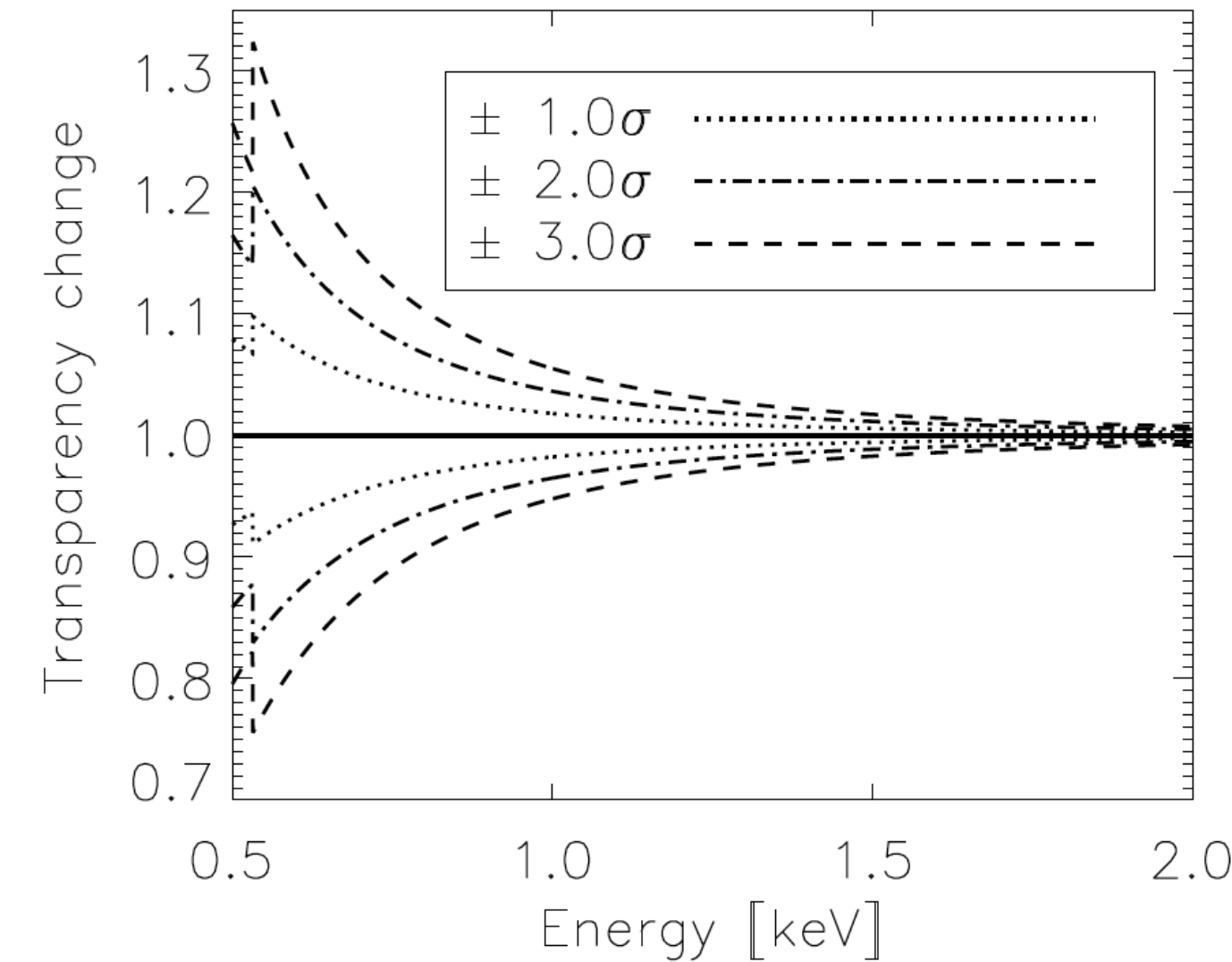


Table 8. Correlation matrix for 2XMM and XCAL Analyses

Band	Soft band	Medium band	Hard band
Soft band	1	0.60	0.13
Medium band	0.60	1	0.53
Hard band	0.13	0.53	1

Previously: Assigning Priors

- Collecting **prior** (fractional) uncertainties on effective areas
- Cal scientists assessed their instruments

Table 1. Effective Area Uncertainty Priors (τ_i)^a

Instrument	Energy Bands (keV)								
	0.15-0.33	0.33-0.54	0.54-0.8	0.8-1.2	1.2-1.8	1.8-2.2	2.2-3.5	3.5-5.5	5.5-10
Astrosat SXT	...	15	15	10	10	10	10	10	10
Chandra ACIS	3	3	3	3	2.6	3.3	3.3	4.9	5
Chandra HETGS	...	...	10	5	4	4	4	5	7
Chandra LETGS	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	10	10
ROSAT PSPC	10	10	10	10	10	10	...	...	...
Suzaku XIS1	...	20	15	10	10	15	5	5	5
Suzaku XIS0,2,3	...	...	15	10	10	15	5	5	5
Swift PC/WT	...	15	10	7.5	7.5	10	5	5	5
XMM MOS1,2	20	10	6	6	6	6	6	6	10
XMM pn	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
XMM RGS	...	8	5	5	5	...	...	...	...

^aThe τ_i values are given as percentages. The ellipses indicate bandpasses where the instrument has an insignificant effective area.

Table 2. Effective Area Uncertainty Priors (τ_i)^a

Instrument	Energy Bands (keV)						
	2.2-3.5	3.5-5.5	5.5-10	15-25	25-50	50-100	100-300
Astrosat CZTI 20	20	20	25
Astrosat LAXPC	...	15	15	15	15	20	...
INTEGRAL IBIS	8	15	20
INTEGRAL SPI	5	5	5
NuSTAR	...	4	3	3	15	20	...
RXTE PCA	5	10	3	3	10	50	...
RXTE HEXTE	5	5	5	...
Suzaku HXD	20	20	20	20
Swift BAT	15	4	4	12

^aThe τ_i values are given as percentages.

Input Data

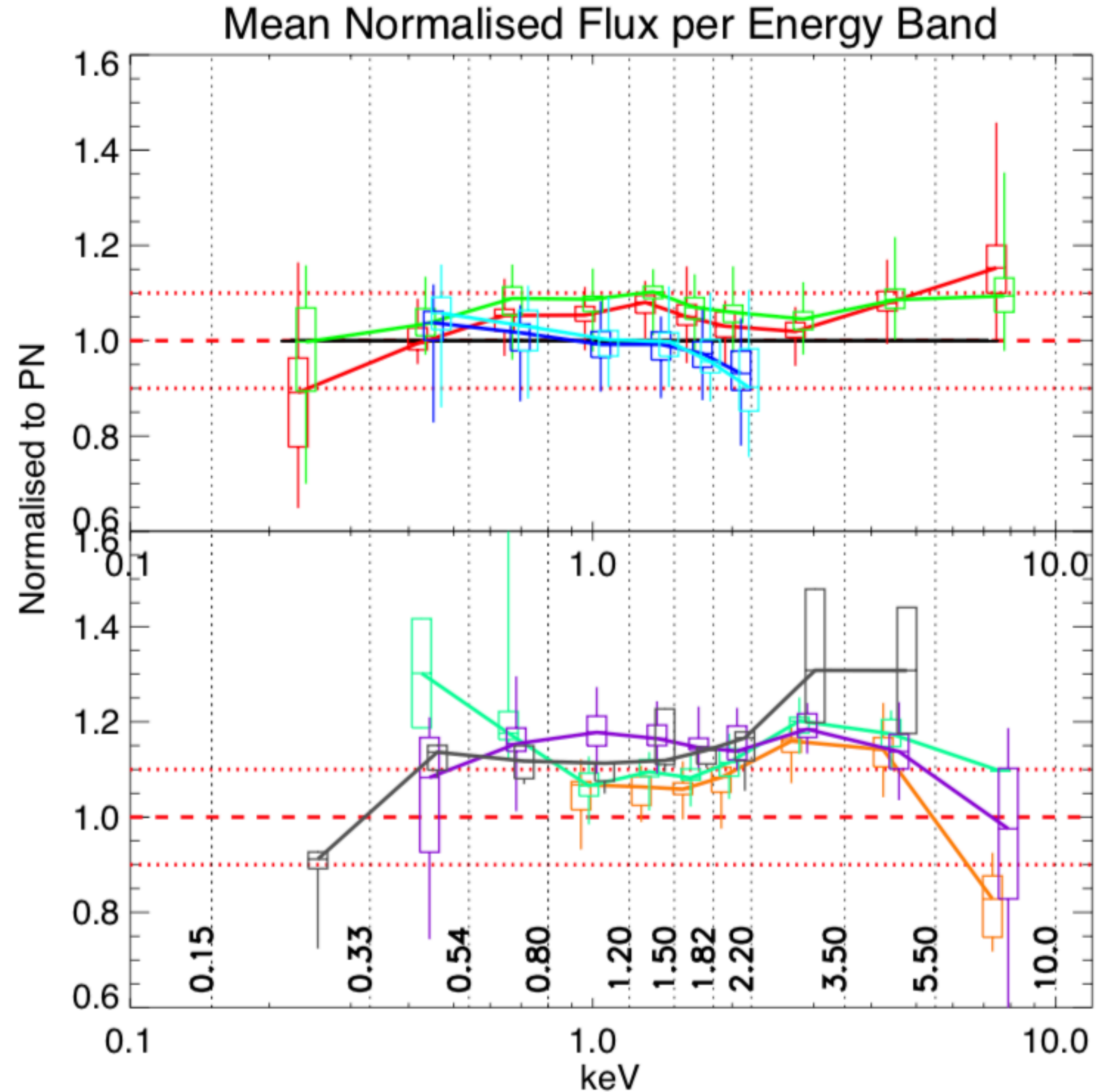
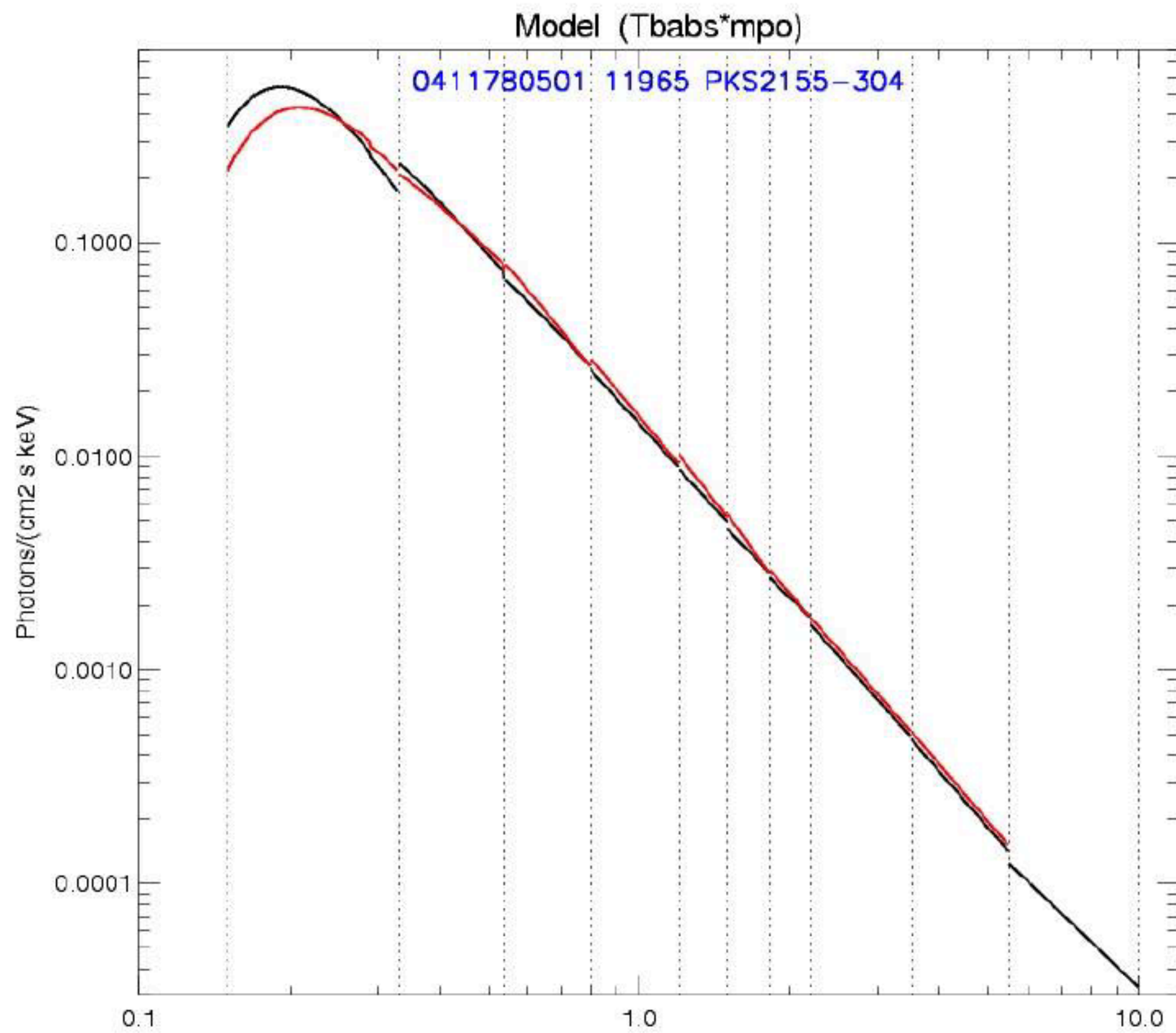
- Paper 1 (Chen+, 2019, JASA)
 - 1E0102 with 13 instruments (N=13), O & Ne (M=2)
 - 2XMM catalog targets, N=3, M=41; soft, medium, hard
 - XCAL bright targets, N=3, M=94-108; soft, medium, hard
- Paper 2 (Marshall+, 2021, *AJ*, 162, 254)
 - Same 3 sets as in Paper 1
 - Also Capella with Chandra gratings, N=8, M=15
 - Added correlations of XMM hard, medium, soft
 - Added correlations of O, Ne fluxes of 1E0102
 - Used heterogeneous tau values

Table 5. 2XMM Concordance Fluxes – Medium Band^a

Target	pn		MOS1		MOS2	
	f_{ij}	σ_{ij}	f_{ij}	σ_{ij}	f_{ij}	σ_{ij}
1127-145	0.481	0.049	0.496	0.053	0.490	0.052
1E0919+515	0.053	0.053	0.069	0.066	0.068	0.065
4C06.41	0.131	0.015	0.142	0.017	0.143	0.018
APM08279+5255	0.085	0.041	0.088	0.042	0.082	0.040
CenX-4	0.088	0.035	0.089	0.022	0.091	0.023
CoD-33 7795	0.275	0.136	0.287	0.143	0.276	0.136
ESO323-G077	0.425	0.184	0.438	0.202	0.439	0.203
GRB080411	0.348	0.006	0.415	0.008	0.419	0.009
Holmberg IX	0.514	0.083	0.517	0.084	0.556	0.090
IRAS13197-1627	0.938	0.818	0.914	0.793	1.000	0.873
LBQS1228+1116	0.154	0.009	0.156	0.010	0.162	0.010
M31 NN1	0.173	0.005	0.196	0.007	0.195	0.007
MS0205.7+3509	0.283	0.087	0.304	0.095	0.293	0.092
MS1229.2+6430	0.326	0.086	0.356	0.092	0.355	0.101
NGC 1313	0.200	0.021	0.212	0.023	0.215	0.023
NGC 4278	0.281	0.032	0.291	0.035	0.307	0.037
NGC 5204 X-1	0.140	0.032	0.140	0.033	0.148	0.036
NGC 5204 X-1	0.192	0.034	0.195	0.035	0.196	0.036
NGC 5252	0.326	0.092	0.327	0.095	0.328	0.091

Sample Data (Marshall+ 2021)

Paper 3: XMM/Chandra XCAL



PN
M1
M2
R1
R2

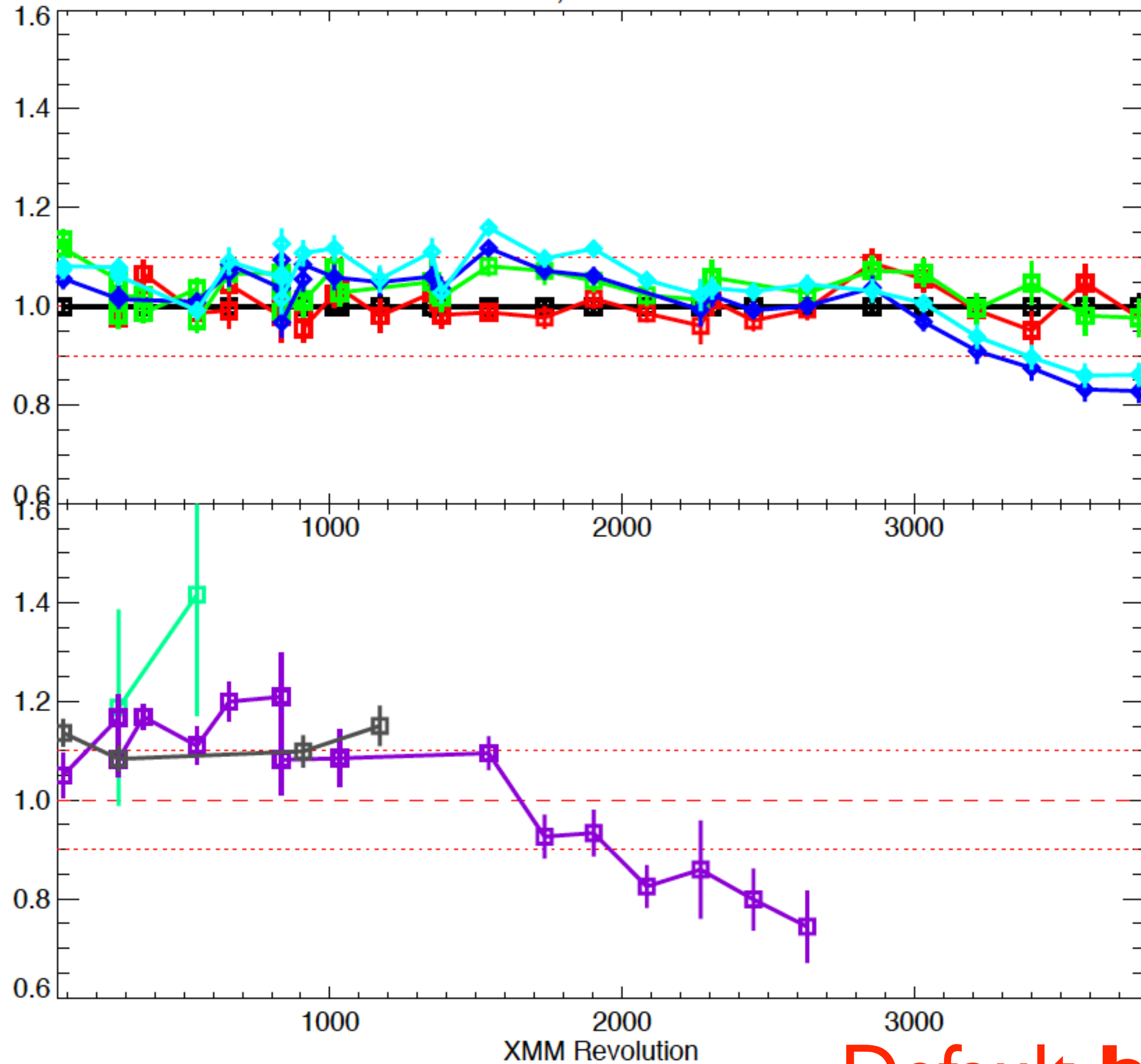
ACISS-LEG
ACISS-MEG
ACISS-HEG
HRCS-LEG

Flux Method: III

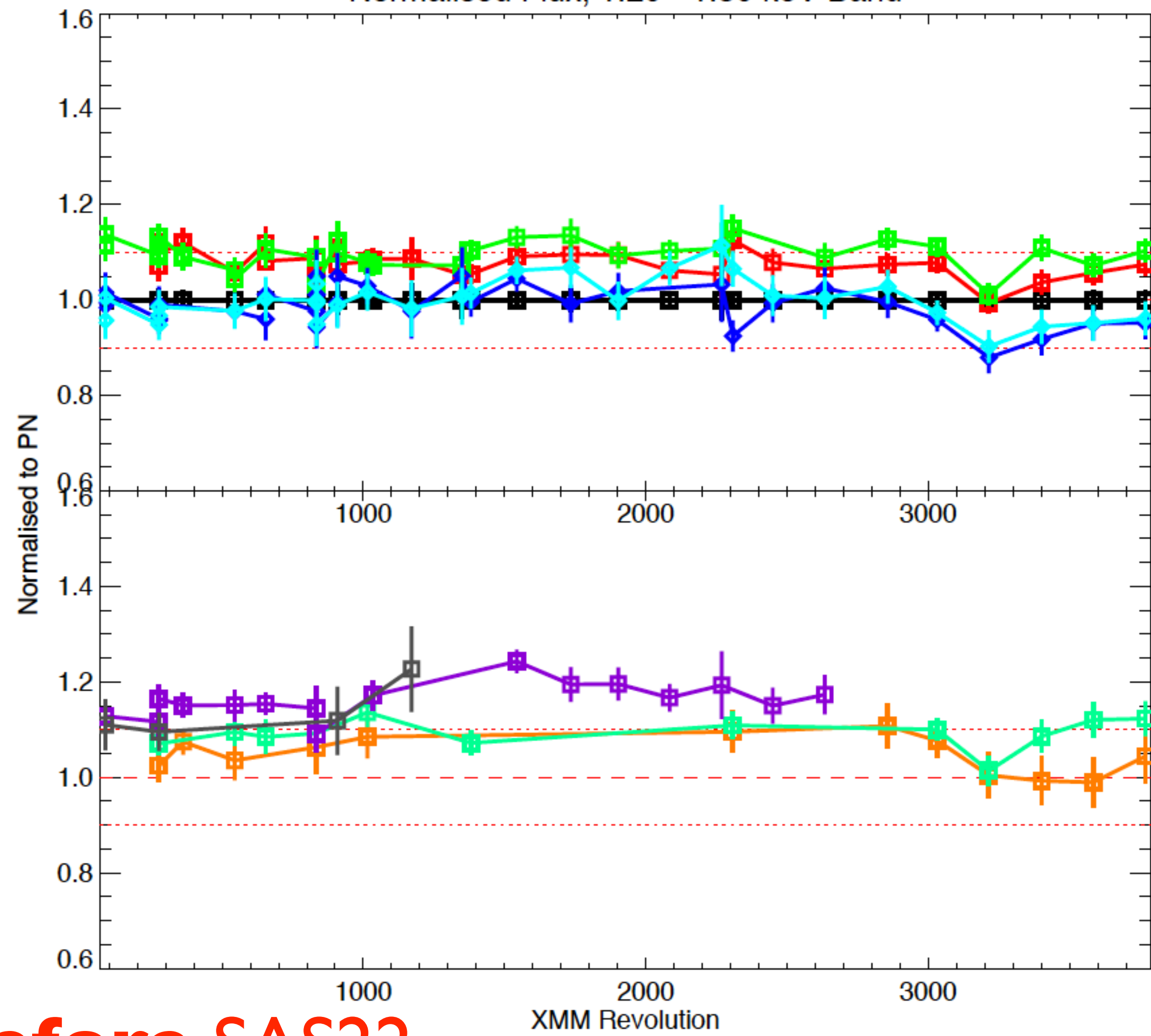
Version:
SAS19.1 cash groupm

XCAL Time-Dependence

Normalised Flux, 0.33 - 0.54 keV Band



Normalised Flux, 1.20 - 1.50 keV Band



PN
M1
M2
R1
R2

ACISS-LEG
ACISS-MEG
ACISS-HEG
HRCS-LEG

Flux Method: III

Version:
SAS19.1 cash groups

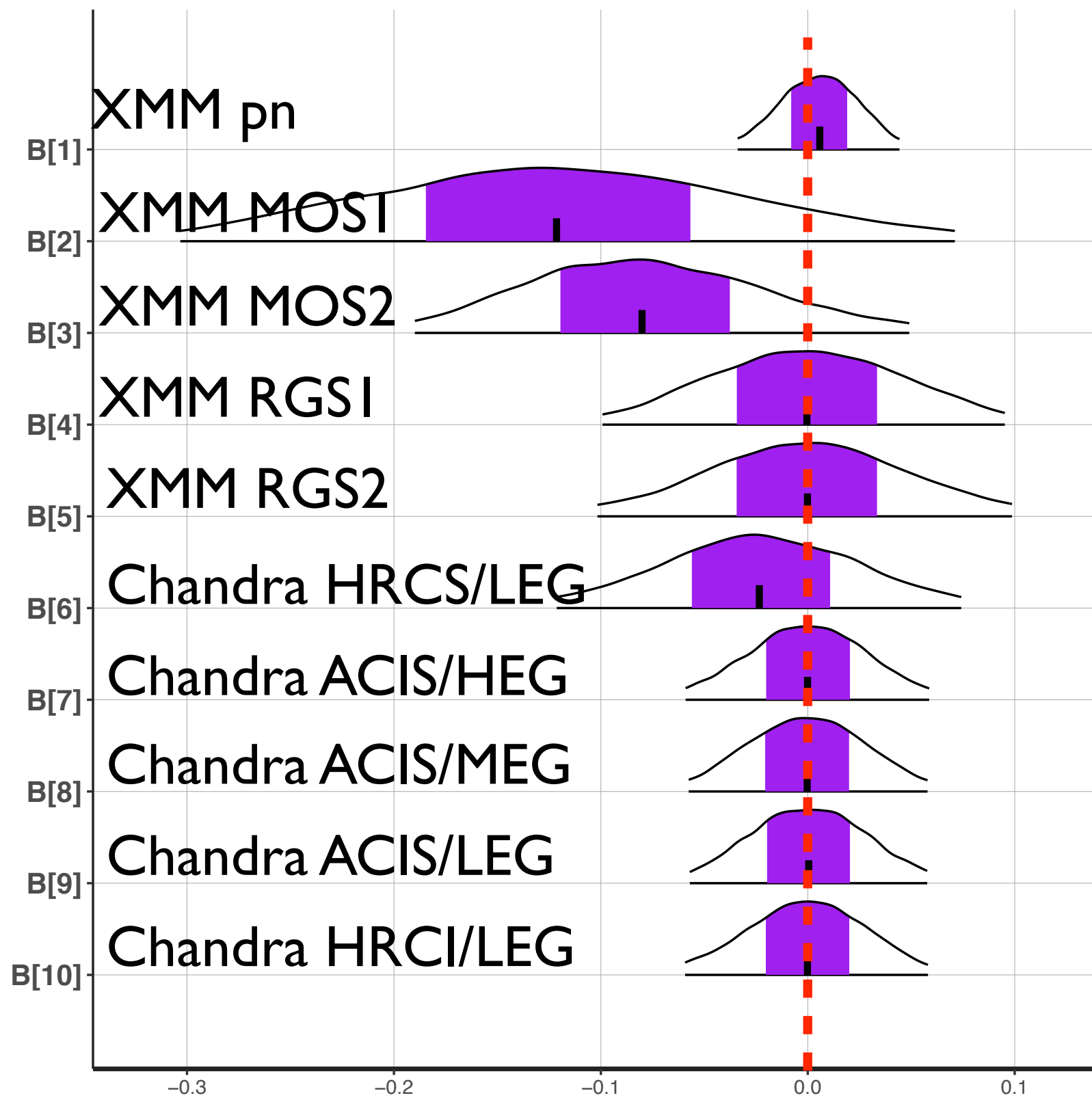
Default **before SAS22**

Progress on Paper 3

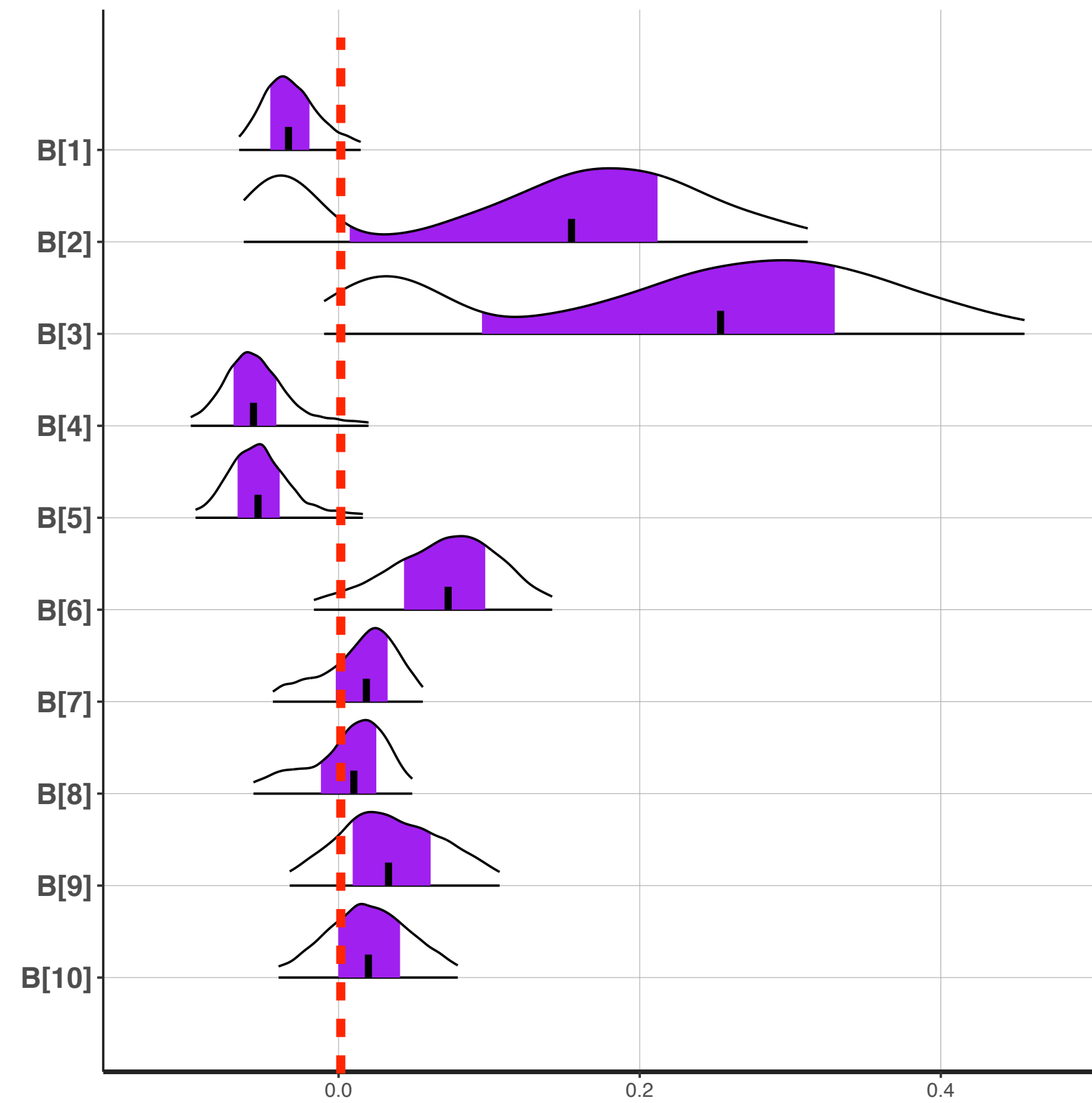
- Data prepared for analysis
- First analysis: same as used on IE0102 (Marshall+ '22)
 - First run results are not very informative
 - Not all priors and EA correlations were used
- Overleaf started with updated model
- Filled in gaps in tau matrix
- Linearized log-parabola spectral model to predict bandpass fluxes
- New EA correlations computed using previous methods (Vinay K)

Some Preliminary Results

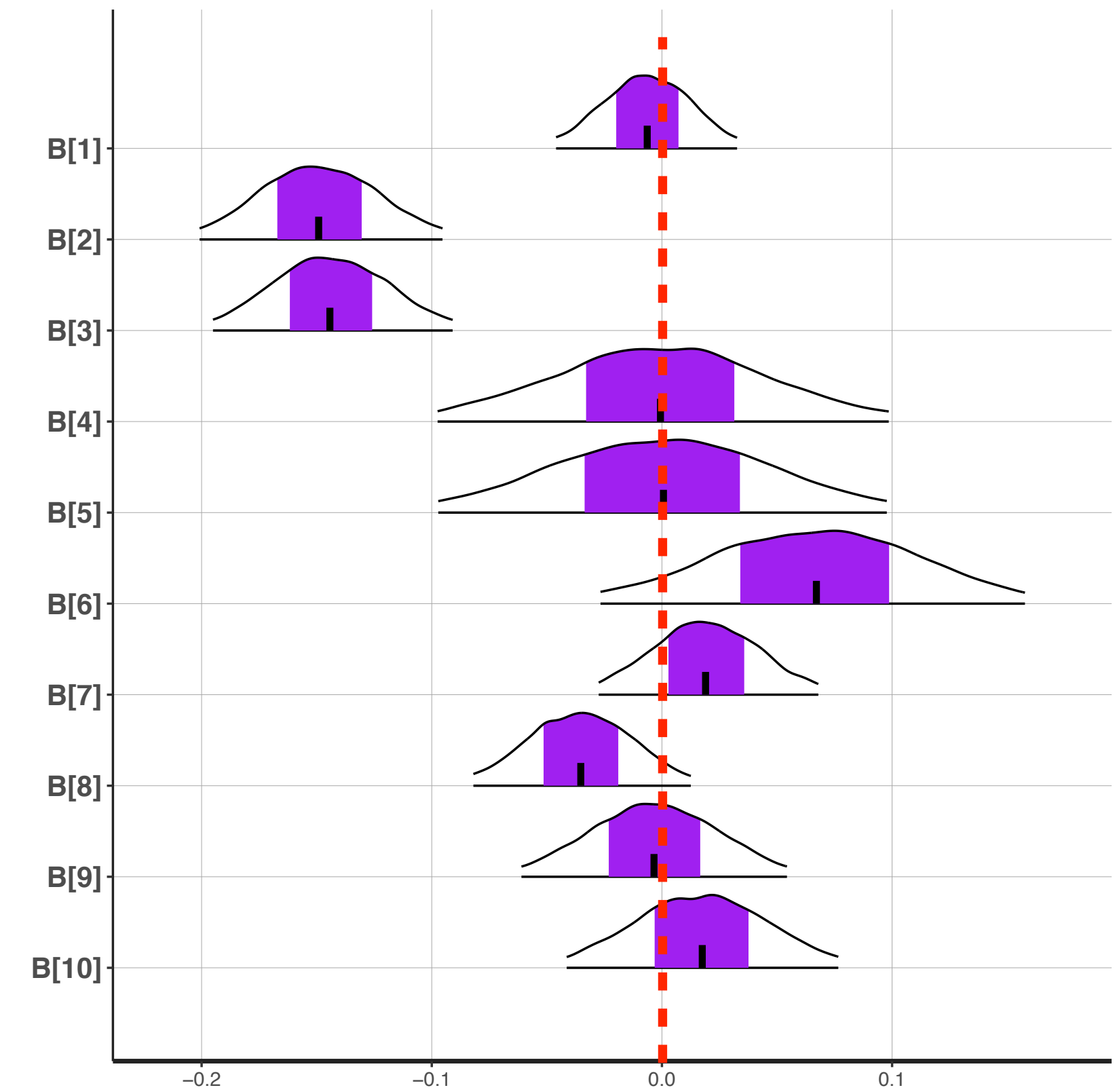
0.15-0.33 keV



0.80-1.20 keV



3.5-5.5 keV



Update Priors

Tau_Matrix (May 5, 2024)

	.15-.33	.33-.54	.54-.8	.8-1.2	1.2-1.5	1.5-1.8	1.8-2.2	2.2-3.5	3.5-5.5	5.5-10	15-25	25-50	50-100	100-300
XMM pn	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3				
XMM M1	20	10	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	10				
XMM M2	20	10	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	10				
XMM R1		8	5	5	5	5								
XMM R2		8	5	5	5	5								
Chandra HRCS-LEG	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	10	10				
Chandra ACIS-MEG		20	10	5	4	4	4	4	5	7				
Chandra ACIS-HEG				5	4	4	4	4	5	7				
Chandra ACIS-LEG	10	10	7	5	4	4	4	4	5	7				
Chandra HRCI-LEG	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	10	10				

Concordance Plans

- Finish XMM/Chandra XCAL analysis
 - Add updated priors
 - Update cross-correlation matrices
 - Add global model constraints
 - Update with SAS22
 - Publish as Paper 3
- Collect more data for Concordance
 - Cluster fluxes (narrower bands?)
 - Include Crab fluxes to 300+ keV!

